

The Hongkong Telegraph.

(ESTABLISHED 1881.)

NEW SERIES No. 4505.

日二十月二年十三緒光

MONDAY, MARCH 28, 1904.

一拜禮

號八十月三英港香

\$30 PER ANNUM.
SINGAPORE COPY, 10 CENTS.

Banks.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED Yen 24,000,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP " 18,000,000
CAPITAL UNCALLED " 6,000,000
RESERVE FUND " 9,310,000

Head Office: YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies:
TOKIO. KOREA.
NAGASAKI. LONDON.
LYONS. NEW YORK.
SAN FRANCISCO. HONOLULU.
HOMBAI. SHANGHAI.
TIENTSIN. NEWCHWANG.
PEKING.

LONDON BANKERS:
THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LD.
PARIS: BANK, LD.
THE UNION OF LONDON AND
SMITHS BANK, LD.

HONGKONG BRANCH: INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent.
per Annum on the Daily Balance.
On fixed deposits for 12 months at 5 per cent.

TARO HODSUMI,
Manager.

Hongkong, 11th March, 1904. [21]

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$10,000,000
RESERVE FUND \$16,500,000
Sterling Reserve \$ 6,500,000
Silver Reserve \$ 6,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS \$10,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq., Chairman.
H. E. TOMKINS, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
Hon. C. W. DICKSON. N. A. SIBBS, Esq.
E. GOETZ, Esq. H. W. SLADE, Esq.
A. HAUPT, Esq. C. A. TOMES, Esq.
H. SCHUBERT, Esq. E. S. WHEELER, Esq.
E. SHELLIM, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:
Hongkong—J. R. M. SMITH.
MANAGER:
Shanghai—H. M. BEVIS.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON AND COUNTY
BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.
HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED:
On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent.
per Annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:
For 3 months, 2 1/2 per cent. per Annum.
For 6 months, 3 1/2 per cent. per Annum.
For 12 months, 4 1/2 per cent. per Annum.
J. R. M. SMITH,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 20th February, 1904. [22]

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted
by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be
obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed at 3 1/2 per
cent. per annum.
Depositors may transfer at their option
balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND
SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED
DEPOSIT at 4 per cent. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION,
J. R. M. SMITH,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1902. [23]

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA, LIMITED.

Authorized Capital £1,000,000
Paid up Capital £ 324,374

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

Board of Directors:
Chan Kit Shan, Esq. J. Focke, Esq.
Creasy Ewens, Esq. G. C. Moxon, Esq.
Chief Manager,
GEO. W. F. PLAYFAIR.

Interest for 12 months Fixed 5 1/2 %
Hongkong, 4th February, 1904. [18]

THE DEUTSCH ASIATISCHE BANK.

PAID-UP CAPITAL Sh. Tael 5,000,000
HEAD OFFICE: SHANGHAI.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS: BERLIN.

BRANCHES:
Berlin. Calcutta. Hankow.
Tientsin. Tsingtau (Kiautschou).

LONDON BANKERS:
Messrs. N. M. ROTHSCHILD & SONS,
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITHS BANK, LTD.
DEUTSCHE BANK (BERLIN) LONDON AGENCY
DIRECTION DER DISCONTO GESELLSCHAFT.

INTEREST allowed on Current Account.
DEPOSITS received on terms which may be
learned on application. Every description of
Banking and Exchange business transacted.
H. FIGGE,
Manager.

Hongkong, 1st September, 1903. [25]

TO LET.

NO. 1, RIFON TERRACE IN FLATS.

NO. 4, RIFON TERRACE.

NO. 17, WONG NEI CHONG ROAD, facing
Race Course.

FLATS IN MORETON TERRACE, facing
Polo Ground.

OFFICES in course of erection, CON-
NAUGHT ROAD (near BLAKE PIER).

GODOWN No. 34, BLUE BUILDINGS.

GODOWNS: PRAYA EAST.

NO. 10, MACDONNELL ROAD.

Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT AGENCY CO., LD.

Hongkong, 11th March, 1904. [65]

HONGKONG HOTEL.

Military Band during dinner on Saturday Nights.

Hongkong, 4th December, 1903. [26]

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS
GOLD \$7,991,173.37—about £1,640,000.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS AUTHORIZED
GOLD \$10,000,000—£2,055,000.

HEAD OFFICE:
1 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
LONDON OFFICE:
THREADNEEDLE HOUSE, E.C.

BRANCHES AT
SAN FRANCISCO, WASHINGTON,
MEXICO, MANILA, SHANGHAI, SINGA-
PORE, YOKOHAMA, BOMBAY,
CALCUTTA

AND AGENTS ALL OVER THE WORLD

LONDON AND CONTINENTAL
BANKERS:

NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF
ENGLAND, LIMITED.

UNION OF LONDON AND SMITHS BANK, LTD.

CREDIT LYONNAIS, DRESNER BANK,
COMPTON NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE
DE PARIS, &c.

THE Corporation transacts every Descrip-
tion of Banking and Exchange Business,
receives Money in Current Account and issues
Fixed Deposit Receipts either in Gold or
Silver at Rates which may be ascertained on
Application.

HONGKONG BRANCH:
20, DES VUEX ROAD CENTAL.
CHARLES R. SCOTT,
Manager.

Hongkong, 14th December, 1903. [19]

IMPERIAL BANK OF CHINA.

ESTABLISHED BY IMPERIAL DECREE
OF THE 12TH NOVEMBER, 1896.

Shanghai Tael.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL 5,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL 2,500,000

Head Office: SHANGHAI.

Branches and Agencies:
CANTON. PENANG.
CHEFOO. SINGAPORE.
HANKOW. TIENTSIN.
PEKING.

THE Bank purchases and receives for collec-
tion Bills of Exchange drawn on the above
places, and Sells Drafts and Telegraphic Trans-
fers Payable at its Branches and Agencies.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

Advances made on approved securities.
Bills discounted.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

1/2 per Annum Fixed Deposits for 3 months.

4 1/2 " " " 12 " " "

5 1/2 " " " " " " "

E. W. RUTTER,
Manager.

Hongkong, 12th August, 1903. [18]

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

CAPITAL PAID-UP £800,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHARE-
HOLDERS £800,000

RESERVE FUND £725,000

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT
ACCOUNT at the Rate of 2 per cent. per
Annum on the Daily Balances.

On Fixed Deposits for 12 months, 4 per cent.

" " " 6 " " "

" " " 3 " " "

T. P. COCHRANE,
Manager.

Hongkong, 24th December, 1903. [24]

Hotel.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

A HIGH CLASS PRIVATE HOTEL.

LADIES' AFTERNOON TEA ROOMS.

PRIVATE BAR
AND
BILLIARD ROOMS.

Hot and Cold Water throughout.

Electrically Lighted.

Electric Fans (if required).

Electric Passenger Elevator to each Floor.

Table D' Hote at Separate Tables.

For Terms, &c., apply to the
MANAGER.

Hongkong, 23rd October, 1902. [31]

TO LET.

NO. 71, WYNDHAM STREET.

CHEAPEST HOUSES IN THE COLONY.

MORRISON HILL GAP ROAD. Nice

Houses, 4 Rooms, Bath Rooms, Out-
houses and Verandahs. Only \$40 inclusive
of Taxes.

WILD DELL BUILDINGS, No. 147,

WANCHAI ROAD. Comfortable and Airy

Flats of 2 or 3 Rooms, from \$25 inclusive of Taxes.

And others to suit various requirements.

S. A. SETH,
Land and Estate Broker,
Dairy Farm Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, 25th February, 1904. [49]

THOMAS' HOTEL.

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL, most centrally situated; Well furnished and Airy Bedrooms.

Monthly Boarders accommodated on very moderate terms.

For Particulars apply to
THE MANAGER.

MACAO AND CANTON HOTELS.

A LITTLE CHANGE.

The round trip from HONGKONG to MACAO, thence

to CANTON and back to HONGKONG, will be

found interesting and enjoyable.

Wm. FARMER,
Proprietor.

Hongkong, 4th December, 1903. [26]

Mails.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

FOR STEAMERS TO SAIL ON REMARKS.

LONDON AND ANTWERP VIA
SINGAPORE, PENANG,
COLUMBO, PORT SAID and
MARSEILLES

YOKOHAMA VIA SHANGHAI,
MUJI and KOBE
(Passing through the Inland Sea).

LONDON, &c. { BALLAARAT } Noon, 9th } See Special
C. R. Longden, R.N.R. } April } Advertisement

SHANGHAI { MALTA } About 10th } Freight and
C. L. Daniel April } Passage.

For Further Particulars, apply to

E. A. HEWETT, Superintendent.

Hongkong, 28th March, 1904. [4]

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE. NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

STEAM FOR

SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUZ, PORT SAID, NAPLES, GENOA,

ANTWERP, BREMEN/HAMBURG;

PORTS IN THE LEVANTE, BLACK SEA AND BALTIC PORTS;

ALSO

LONDON, NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, NEW ORLEANS, GALVESTON,

AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS;

Steamers will call at GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON to land Passengers

and Luggage.

N.B.—Cargo can be taken on through Bills of Lading for the Principal Places in Russia.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG
(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

STEAMERS. SAILING DATES.
PREUSSEN WEDNESDAY, 30th March.
HAMBURG WEDNESDAY, 13th April.
PRINZ HEINRICH WEDNESDAY, 27th April.
OLDENBURG WEDNESDAY, 11th May.
BAYERN WEDNESDAY, 25th May.
SACHSEN WEDNESDAY, 8th June.
ZIEHN WEDNESDAY, 22nd June.
SEYDLITZ WEDNESDAY, 6th July.
PRINZ REGENT LUITPOLD WEDNESDAY, 20th July.
ROON WEDNESDAY, 3rd August.

* Steamer of the Hamburg-Amerika Linie.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of March, 1904, at Noon, the Steamship "PREUSSEN"
of the NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, Captain E. Prehn, with PASSEN-
GERS, SPECIE and CARGO, will leave this Port as above. Calling at NAPLES and GENOA.
Shipping Orders will be granted till NOON, on MONDAY, the 28th instant, Cargo and
Specie will be received on Board until 5 P.M., on TUESDAY, the 29th March, and Parcels
will be received at the Agency's Office until NOON, on TUESDAY, the 29th March.
Contents of Packages are required. No Parcel Receipts will be signed for less than \$2.50
and Parcels should not exceed Two Feet Cubic in Measurement.
The Steamer has splendid Accommodation and carries a Doctor and Stewardses.
Linen can be washed on board.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

For further Particulars, apply to

MELCHERS & CO.,

AGENTS.

Hongkong, 16th March, 1904. [3]

Intimations.

GOLD REEF BRAND

Pure Cream.

See future announcements.

THOMAS' HOTEL.

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL, most centrally situated; Well furnished and Airy Bedrooms.
Monthly Boarders accommodated on very moderate terms.

For Particulars apply to

THE MANAGER.

MACAO AND CANTON HOTELS.

A LITTLE CHANGE.

The round trip from HONGKONG to MACAO, thence
to CANTON and back to HONGKONG, will be
found interesting and enjoyable.

Wm. FARMER,
Proprietor.

Intimations.



The Bovril Bottle

is familiar in the homes of
Britishers the world over—in
Great Britain itself Bovril is looked upon as the
great national "stand-by" in case of failing
strength. Bovril is the very embodiment of
nourishment. It imparts strength in a most
effective manner, and is, at the same time,
extremely palatable.



JAPAN



COALS.

THE MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA (MITSUI & Co.)

HEAD OFFICE:—1, SURUGA-CHO, TOKYO.

LONDON BRANCH:—34, LIME STREET, E.C.

HONGKONG BRANCH:—PRINCE'S BUILDINGS, ICE HOUSE STREET.

OTHER OFFICES:

New York, San Francisco, Hamburg, Bombay, Singapore, Sourabaya, Manila, Amoy,
Shanghai, Chefoo, Tientsin, Newchwang, Port Arthur, Seoul, Chemoipo, Yokohama,
Yokosuka, Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe, Maidzura, Kure, Shimonoaki, Moji, Wakamatsu,
Karatsu, Nagasaki, Kuchinotsu, Sasebo, Miike, Hakodate, Taipeh, &c.

Telegraphic Address: "MITSUI" (A.B.C. and A 1 Codes).

CONTRACTORS OF COAL to the Imperial Japanese Navy and Armies and the State
Railways; Principal Railway Companies and Industrial Works; Home and Foreign Mail and
Freight Steamers.

SOLE PROPRIETORS of the Famous Miike, Tagawa, Yamano and Ida Coal Mines; and
SOLE AGENTS for Fujimotono, Hokoku, Hondo, Ichimura, Kanada, Mameda, Mannoura,
Onoura, Otsuji, Sasahara, Tsubakuro, Yoshinotani, Yoshio, Yonokibara and other Coals.
N. INUZUKA, Manager, Hongkong

H. PRICE & CO.

WINE MERCHANTS,

12 QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Picnic parties furnished with wines, etc., at
a moment's notice.

Contracts made on special terms with
Caterers, Committees, Messes and Captains of
Steamers. All Wines, Spirits and Beers supplied
are guaranteed.

Price list on application. TELEPHONE No. 135.

Hongkong, 23rd July, 1903. [41]



AQUARIUS.

A PERFECT TABLE WATER

MADE FROM

PURE TREBLE DISTILLED WATER.

Telephone
No. 75.

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO.,

GENERAL MANAGERS,

15, Queen's Road.

Hongkong, 5th March, 1904. [42]

INCANDESCENT GAS LIGHT.

The attention of consumers is drawn to the fact that

the Undersigned, being Sole Agents for

DR. AUER VON WELSBACH Co.,

VIENNA,

THE INVENTORS OF INCANDESCENT
GAS LIGHT.

ARE SELLING THE ONLY GENUINE MANTLES;

The Price of which has been reduced to

FIFTY CENTS per piece.

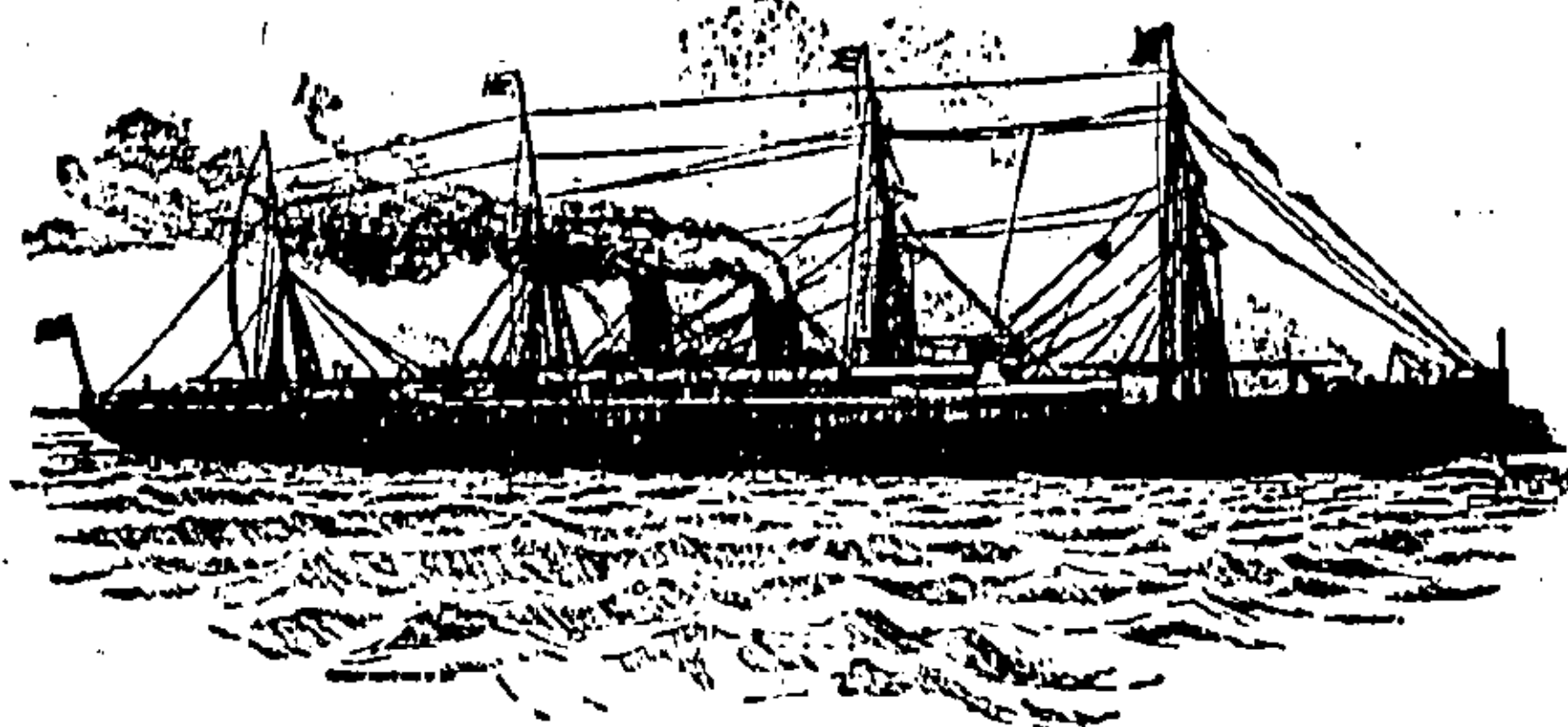
BEWARE OF INFERIOR IMITATIONS!

KRUSE & Co.
CONNAUGHT HOUSE

[34]

Mails.

U.S. MAIL LINES.



PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO., OCCIDENTAL & ORIENTAL S.S. CO.,
TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

TAKING PASSENGERS AND CARGO TO JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES, MEXICO,
CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA AND EUROPE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

"CHINA"	5,000 Gross Tons.	TUESDAY, 5th April, at Noon.
"DORIC"	4,784 "	THURSDAY, 14th April, at Noon.
"SIBERIA"	11,284 "	SATURDAY, 30th April, at Noon.
"COPTIC"	4,352 "	SATURDAY, 7th May, at Noon.
"KOREA"	11,276 "	TUESDAY, 24th May, at Noon.
"GAELIC"	4,205 "	THURSDAY, 2nd June, at Noon.
"AMERICA MARU"	6,307 "	SATURDAY, 11th June, at Noon.

Record Trip Yokohama to San Francisco made by s.s. "KOREA," 11,276 tons, Oct. 18th-28th, 1902; 10 days, 15 hours.

The P. M. Company's Steamship "CHINA" will be despatched for SAN FRANCISCO, via SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, INLAND SEA, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU, on TUESDAY, the 5th April, at Noon, taking Freight for Japan, the United States, and Europe. Passengers are allowed to break their journey at any point en route.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of Steamers, and to the principal cities of the United States or Canada. Passengers holding through ORDERS TO EUROPE have the choice of the Overland Rail Routes from San Francisco, including the SOUTHERN PACIFIC, CENTRAL PACIFIC, UNION PACIFIC, DENVER and RIO GRANDE, and NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY; also the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY on payment of £4 in addition to the regular tariff rate.

Passengers holding Orders for OVERLAND CITIES in the United States have between SAN FRANCISCO and CHICAGO, the option of the SOUTHERN PACIFIC, CENTRAL PACIFIC, UNION PACIFIC, DENVER and RIO GRANDE, and other direct connecting Railways, and from Chicago to destination the choice of direct lines.

Special rates (First-class only) to European Ports, are granted to Missionaries, Members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic and Consular Services, and European Civil Service Officials located in Asia, and to European Officials in the Service of the Governments of China and Japan.

TO UNITED STATES AND CANADIAN PORTS, Special rates (first class only) are granted and will apply only to Missionaries, Members of the Naval and Military Services, and to Consular and Diplomatic Officials of the Governments of China and Japan.

Through Bills of Lading issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Inland Cities of the United States, via Overland Railway, to Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central and South America, by the Companies' and connecting Steamers.

FEATURES OF THIS LINE.

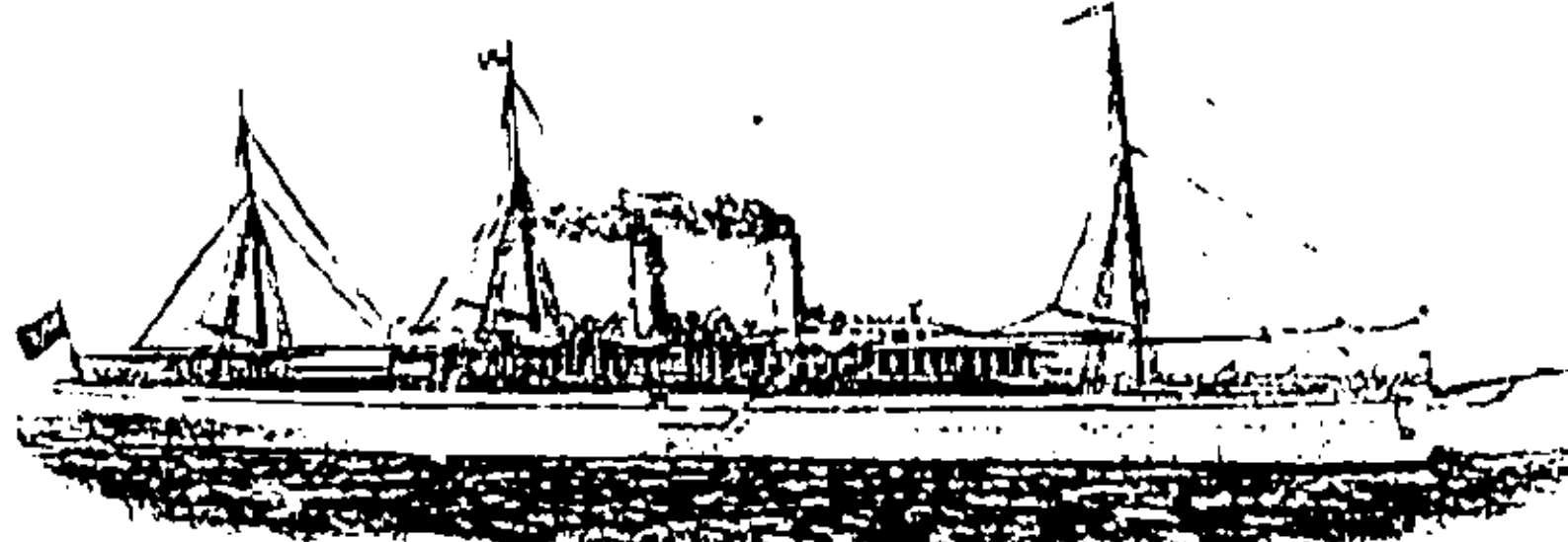
The largest and steadiest and fastest passenger ships on the Pacific. Southern Route; passengers enjoy out-doors throughout; deck bathing. The call at Honolulu, Oahu, the most fertile and beautiful island of the Pacific. The only line to San Francisco, the greatest port of the Pacific.

Sailings positively on schedule date.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Companies, Queen's Building.

Hongkong, 21st March, 1904.

E. W. TILDEN, Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COY.'S
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.

THE FAST ROUTE BETWEEN CHINA, JAPAN AND EUROPE, VIA CANADA
AND THE UNITED STATES.

(CALLING AT SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VICTORIA, B.C.)
SAFETY. SPEED. PUNCTUALITY.

SAVING 3 TO 7 DAYS ACROSS THE PACIFIC.

"EMPRESS" Twin Screw Steamships—6,000 Tons—10,000 Horse Power—Speed 10 Knots.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.—(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

R.M.S. "EMPRESS OF CHINA"	6,000 Tons	WEDNESDAY, 30th March.
"EMPRESS OF INDIA"	6,000 "	WEDNESDAY, 20th April.
"ATHENIAN"	3,882 "	WEDNESDAY, 27th April.
"EMPRESS OF JAPAN"	6,000 "	WEDNESDAY, 11th May.
"TARTAR"	4,425 "	SATURDAY, 21st May.

Hongkong to London, 1st Class, £40. 2nd Class, £30. 3rd Class, £20. 4th Class, £15. 5th Class, £10. 6th Class, £5. 7th Class, £3. 8th Class, £2. 9th Class, £1. 10th Class, £0.50.

Steamers, and 1st Class Rail £40. 2nd Class, £30. 3rd Class, £20. 4th Class, £15. 5th Class, £10. 6th Class, £5. 7th Class, £3. 8th Class, £2. 9th Class, £1. 10th Class, £0.50.

THE magnificent Twin-screw "EMPRESS" Steamships pass through the famous INLAND SEA OF JAPAN, and usually make the voyage YOKOHAMA TO VANCOUVER (B.C.) in 12 DAYS, and make connection with the PALATIAL OVERLAND TRAINS FROM THE PACIFIC TO THE ATLANTIC WITHOUT CHANGE.

Passengers Booked through to all principal points and AROUND THE WORLD.

SPECIAL RATES (First class only) granted to Missionaries, Members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic and Civil Services, and to European Officials in the Service of Chinese and Japanese Governments.

For further information, Maps, Guides, Hand Books, Rates of Freight and Passage, apply to

D. E. BROWN, General Agent,
9, Pedder's Street.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.
OSTASIATISCHER FRACHTDAMPFER DIENST.

(Taking Cargo at through Rates to ANTWERP, AMSTERDAM, ROTTERDAM, COPENHAGEN, LISBON, OPORTO, LONDON, LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW, TRIESTE, GENOA, PORTS IN THE LEVANTE; BLACK SEA and BALTIC PORTS; NORTH and SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS).

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.
SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

STEAMERS	DESTINATIONS	SAILING DATES
ABESSINIA	ST. NAZAIRE, HAVRE & HAMBURG.	2nd April.
Filler	(Calling at SINGAPORE and COLOMBO).	Freight.
BRISGAVIA	HAMBURG.	12th April.
Schulke	(Calling at SINGAPORE and COLOMBO).	Freight.
SUEVIA	HAVRE and HAMBURG.	25th April.
von Döhrren	(Calling at SINGAPORE and PENANG).	Freight.
ARTEMISIA	HAVRE and HAMBURG.	3rd May.
Gronmeyer	(Calling at SINGAPORE and COLOMBO).	Freight.
MAKBURG	HAVRE and HAMBURG.	17th May.
Stern	(Calling at SINGAPORE and PENANG).	Freight.
STRASSBURG	HAVRE and HAMBURG.	31st May.
Madsen	(Calling at SINGAPORE and COLOMBO).	Freight and Passengers.

For further Particulars, apply to

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE,
HONGKONG OFFICE,
No. 1, Queen's Buildings.

Hongkong, 16th March, 1904.

GO TO THE

KOWLOON HOTEL,
KOWLOON.

J. W. OSBORNE,
Proprietor and Manager.

Shipping—Steamers.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO AND
WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO
STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION
COMPANY, LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

S.S. "HONAN"	2,303 tons	Captain R. D. Thomas.
"POWAN"	2,338 "	G. F. Morrison, R.N.R.
"FATSHAN"	2,200 "	W. A. Valentine.
"HANKOW"	2,073 "	C. V. Lloyd.
"KINSHAN"	2,800 "	J. J. Lossius.

Departures from HONGKONG to CANTON daily at 8 A.M. (Sunday excepted) and at 5.30 P.M. and 9 P.M. (Saturday excepted).
Departures from CANTON to HONGKONG daily at 8 A.M., 2.30 P.M. and 5.30 P.M. (Sunday excepted).

These Steamers, carrying His Majesty's Mails, are the largest and fastest on the River. Special attention is drawn to their Superior Saloon and Cabin accommodation.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "HEUNGSHAN" 1,998 tons, Captain H. D. Jones.
Departures from Hongkong to Macao on week days at 2 P.M. and on Sundays at 12.30 P.M.
Departures from Macao to Hongkong daily at 8 A.M.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "LUNGSHAN" 2,19 tons, Captain T. Hamlin.

This steamer leaves Canton for Macao every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at about 7.30 A.M.; and leaves Macao for Canton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 7.30 A.M.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE H.K., C. AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD., AND THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. "SAINAM" 588 tons, Captain B. Branch.

"NANNING" 569 tons, Captain C. Hutchart.

One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 8 a.m., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days at about 8 a.m. Round trips take about 5 days. These vessels have Superior Cabin Accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the—
HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.,
18, Bank Buildings, Queen's Road Central, opposite the Hongkong Hotel
Or of BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents, CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1904.

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LINE.

HEAD AGENT R. BISSCHOP,

3, DUNDRELL STREET,
HONGKONG.

REGULAR FOUR-WEEKLY SERVICE BETWEEN
JAVA, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

Steamer.	From	Expected on or about	Will leave for	On or about
TJIPANAS	JAPAN	First half of May	SPORE & JAVA PORTS	First half of May
TJILATJAP	JAV & MACASSAR	Second half of April	JAPAN	Second half of April
TJIMAH	JAPAN	First half of April	SPORE & JAVA PORTS	First half of April

The Steamers are all fitted throughout with Electric Light and have Accommodation for a limited number of Saloon Passengers, and will take Cargo to all Netherlands India Ports on through Bills of Lading.

For Particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to

THE AGENTS,
THE HOLLAND-CHINA TRADING CO.

Telephone No. 201,
Hongkong, 25th March, 1904.

Intimations.

PORTRAITS, GROUPS, ENLARGING, AND
COPYING IN ALL SIZES.

AMATEUR WORK GIVEN SPECIAL
ATTENTION.

FULL LINE OF SUPPLIES
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

ORIENTAL
COSTUMES AND
FANCY DRAPERIES
FURNISHED.

WORK GUARANTEED TO BE
THE BEST IN THE COLONY.

LADIES' SPECIAL TOILET ROOM.

40) PATRONAGE RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

THE CONNAUGHT HOUSE,
QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

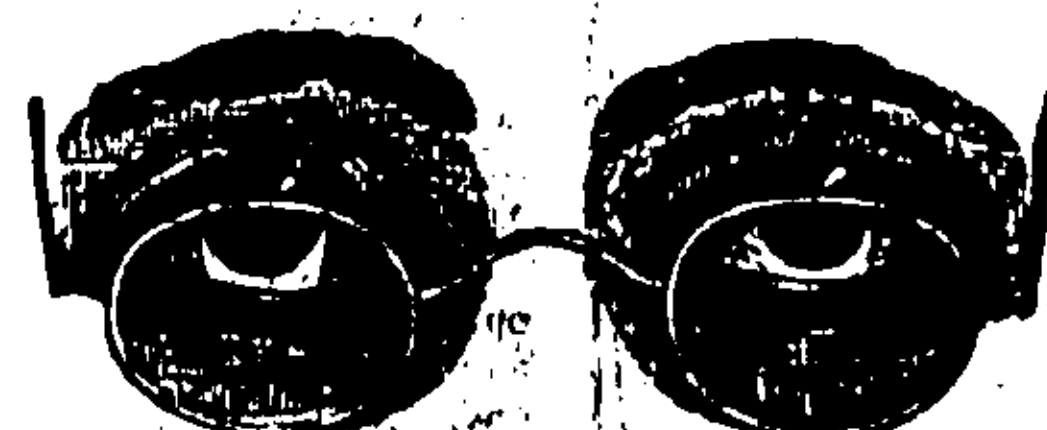
A FIRST CLASS HOTEL SITUATED NEAR THE BANKS AND PRINCIPAL
OFFICES. EXCELLENT CUISINE AND WINES.
Large and lofty Rooms Elegantly Furnished. Hydraulic Elevator.
Hot and Cold Water throughout. Special Rates for Tourists.
Launch Service for Guests.

For Terms, apply to

THE MANAGER.

Hongkong, 1st November, 1902.

EYE-SIGHT.



MR. N. LAZARUS

May be personally consulted for SPECTACLES.

No charge for testing the eyes.

Glasses and frames of all kinds and qualities.

Prices from \$2 upwards.

16, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.

Hongkong, 6th November, 1903.

Intimations.

THE YOKOHAMA DOCK CO., LTD.

No. 1 DOCK.

Length inside, 514 ft. Width of
entrance, top 95 ft.; bottom 75 ft.
Water on blocks, 27.5 ft. Time to
pump out, 4 hours.

No. 2 DOCK.

Length inside, 375 ft. Width of
entrance, top 60.5 ft.; bottom 45.8
ft. Water on blocks, 28.5 ft. Time
to pump out, 2 hours.

THESE DOCKS are conveniently situated in Yokohama harbour and the attention of Captains and Engineers is respectfully called to the advantages offered for Docking and repairing Vessels and Machinery of every description.

The plant and tools are of recent patterns for dealing quickly and cheaply with work, and a large stock of material is always at hand, (plates and angles, all being tested by Lloyd's surveyors).

Two powerful Twin Screw Towboats are available for taking Vessels in or out of Dock, and for taking Sailing Vessels in or out of the bay. The floating derrick is capable of lifting 35 tons.

Steam Launches of Steel or Wood, Lighters, Steel Buildings and Roofs, Bridge Work, and all kinds of Machinery are made on the premises.

Tenders will be made up when required and the workmanship and material will be guaranteed.

The cost of Docking, and repair work, will be found to compare favourably with that of any port in the world.

Telephone: Works, No. 508; General, No. 878.

Telegrams, "Dock, Yokohama," Codes A. I. and A. B. C. (4th).

Yokohama, May 11th, 1903.

[G]

HOTEL CRAIGIEBURN,

PLUNKET'S GAP, the PEAK, near the TRAM TERMINUS, Tel. 56.

For Terms, &c., apply to the

MANAGER.

Hongkong, 2nd July, 1900.

[32]

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI DYEING
AND CLEANING CO., LIMITED.

STEAM WORKS:

2, GORDON ROAD, SHANGHAI.

MR. FREDERICK J. FREAME has been appointed Superintendent of the above Works and is now prepared to undertake Dyeing and Cleaning of all descriptions.

Goods may be sent from Hongkong either direct to the works or through the Hongkong Receiving offices:
HONGKONG STEAM LAUNDRY CO., LTD.,
2, Beaconsfield Arcade (Alley Way)
Queen's Road, and

WM. POWELL, LTD.,
Queen's Road.

Catalogues and Price Lists may be obtained on application to the above Offices.
Hongkong, 21st March, 1904.

[404]

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF
HONGKONG.

PROBATE JURISDICTION.

IN THE GOODS OF HO MUI SZ, OTHER
WISE HO LIN SHING, LATE OF
VICTORIA, HONGKONG, Deceased.

TENDERS will be received by the Under-
signed, at the Registry of the Supreme
Court House until Noon of WEDNESDAY,
the 30th March, 1904, for the purchase of the
Business of the 1 WO Pawnshop, of No. 86,
Hollywood Road, Victoria aforesaid, including
the GOODWILL, STOCK-IN-TRADE,
SIGNBOARD, BOOK DEBTS, FURNI-
TURE and effects therein.

Every Tender shall be accompanied by a
Deposit of \$1,000, which sum will be forfeited
if the person fails or refuses to carry out his
Tender should the Tender be accepted.

The Undersigned does not bind himself to
accept the highest or any Tender.

For further particulars, apply at the Office of
Messrs. EWENS & HARTSON, Solicitors, No. 36,
Queen's Road Central.

Dated 18th March, 1904.

ARATHOON SETH,
Official Administrator.

392)

WINDSOR GARDEN
AND RESTAURANT,

WONG-NEI-CHONG ROAD,
(HAPPY VALLEY),
Past the Race-Course.

UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

MEALS AND REFRESHMENTS

are served in style at reasonable prices,
and the
Attendance will be found satisfactory.

PARTIES' DINNERS, PICNICS, &c.,
can always be arranged for through the
Manager.

The Scenery of and the View from the
Garden would be hard to beat, and many
customers have called it the loveliest spot in
Hongkong.

Come once and you will come again.

JACOBS & HUBER,
Proprietors.

Hongkong, 17th March, 1904.

[336]

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY,
LIMITED.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 37.5 lbs. net \$4.75 ex Factory.

In Bags of 25 lbs. net \$2.85 ex Factory.

and any other Chemicals.

PRICE \$10.50 per case of 48 bottles (quarts)
or 6 doz. pints.

Special Prices for Quantities.

Sole Agents—
SIEMSEN & CO.

Hongkong, 10th January, 1903.

[44]

R.A.O.B.
KING EDWARD VII LODGE No. 910.

(GRAND LODGE OF ENGLAND).

THE Members of the above order are ter-
minating their DANCE SEASON by
Holding a Ball in the CITY HALL on the
14th APRIL, Tickets \$5.00 each. Gentlemen
requiring tickets are requested to obtain them
early, as they are limited, and can be had from
Mr. J. H. OXBERRY, Hongkong Hotel, and
Mr. J. J. BLAKE, Hon. Secretary R.A.O.B.
Club.

Hongkong, 26th March, 1904.

[427]

CAMPBELL, MOORE AND COMPANY,
LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE EIGHTEENTH ORDINARY AN-
NUAL MEETING OF SHARE-
HOLDERS in the above Company will be held in
the Company's Offices, No. 29, Queen's
Road Central, on THURSDAY, the 31st
March, 1904, at NOON, for the purpose of re-
ceiving the Report and Statement of Accounts,
for the year ending 31st December, 1903.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company
will be CLOSED from the 18th to the 31st
March, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
M. A. A. SOUZA,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 14th March, 1904.

[370]

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY,
LIMITED.

THE FIFTEENTH ORDINARY AN-
NUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOL-
DERS in the Company, will be held in the
Office of the General Managers, No. 14, Des
Voeux Road, Victoria, on WEDNESDAY,
6th April, at 11.30 A.M., for the purpose of
receiving Statement of Accounts and the Report
of the General Managers for the year ending
31st December, 1903, declaring a Dividend and
electing a Consulting Committee and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company
will be CLOSED from Saturday, 2nd April,
at 1 P.M., until Wednesday, 6th April.

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 19th March, 1904.

[397]

HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHAREHOLDERS are hereby notified that,
on and after This Date, they can obtain
SCRIP CERTIFICATES for SHARES of the
NEW ISSUE IN EXCHANGE for HONG-
KONG AND SHANGHAI BANK RECEIPTS on
Application at the REGISTERED OFFICES of
the Company, Nos. 38 and 40, Queen's Road
Central.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 15th February, 1904.

[257]

THE HONGKONG
STUDIO.

HIGHER CLASS PHOTOGRAPHER,
41 & 43, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
TOP FLOOR.

PORTRAITS, GROUPS, and ENLAR-
GING and COPYING in all Sizes.

LARGE SELECTION OF VIEWS ALWAYS
ON HAND.

SOME ISSUES IN THE STRUGGLE.

That Russia is the evil genius among nations is believed by five out of every six men you meet in the railway carriage of a morning. Though in the great conflict between the Muscovite and the Jap we, as a nation, will maintain our strict neutrality, there is no doubt that the news of every Russian reverse will be hailed with much demonstration throughout the country, writes Mr. J. Fraser.

Exactly why we should have a fondness for Japan and a dislike of Russia is on the surface clear enough. We have a natural dislike of Russian methods of government, ignoring that the Russian is largely Eastern in his composition, and that he rules according to Eastern ideas, and not according to Western. Admitting that in many respects Russia is far behind other European nations, the fact stands out that within the last two years she has made a progress which is phenomenal, and which she would never have made had there not been autocracy behind it all. We have imbedded in our minds the belief that Russia is cruel, and every story about harshness in Siberia has been readily swallowed. Whatever may have been the conditions in the past there is no doubt that at the present time the prison system in Siberia compares well with that of any Western land. A thing that most British people do not remember is that although the government is autocratic, there is a leaven of democracy in it all. The strongest man in Russia at the present day, M. Witte, began life as a railway porter, and Prince Khilkoff, the Minister of Ways and Communications, was an ordinary mechanic who learnt engineering at Birkenhead.

Japan appeals to us because it is a picturesque, fascinating country; because the Japanese themselves are among the marvels of the world in that they throw off their Orientalism and put on the Western garb, and that they are plucky and square their fists without hesitation in the face of the Muscovite. What, however, is not generally recognised is that the Japanese can be as cruel as any nation on earth. We saw that in the "Chino-Japanese" war. The hatred toward foreigners is most marked. Though, of course, Japan has many enthusiastic admirers the fact nevertheless remains that the British residents in Japan are usually its severest critics and that in business transactions the Japanese do not, as a race, bear a reputation for high commercial morality.

I am one of those inclined to believe we took a false step when we entered into an alliance with the Japanese. For years Japan has been preparing for conflict. Her whole ambition has been to have a bout with the Russians. I agree Russia has broken all her promises in regard to the evacuation of Manchuria. But nobody who knows that part of the world could ever have thought that Russia intended to leave the land. She desired Manchuria because she wished to extend her empire. Japan, while resisting Russia on the plea that it is to maintain the integrity of the Chinese empire, and that she is opposed to the obvious intention of the Tsar and his advisers to ultimately annex Korea, has but one aim: to secure these two countries for herself.

Both nations have a great deal of right in their cause. Russia has legitimate ambition to have an outlet into warm water, so that she be not hedged in with ice for nearly half the year. On the other hand, Japan has a rapidly increasing population. She desires to colonise, and she sees that if she allows the opportunity to go by of getting Manchuria and Korea within her grip, then her hopes of becoming a world Power will pass for ever.

When in a sort of semi-disguise, I travelled across Manchuria to see what the Russians were doing in that region, I was amazed at the way they were settling the country. The railway line was nearing completion; towns and villages were springing into existence; commerce was being opened up, and the only parallel I could think of was a stretch of Western America under a "boom." Frequent writers refer to the Trans-Siberian line in Manchuria, and to the way it is laid. The railway in Manchuria is quite distinct from that in Siberia. While that in Siberia is Government property, the one across Manchuria belongs to a company, though the Russian Government is behind it. The line in Siberia is quite as well laid as the ordinary trans-American lines. But the line in Manchuria is, for long stretches, most uneven, and is constantly getting out of repair. The bridges, however, are exceeding fine. Russian troops are taking particular pains to guard the bridge across the Sungari, I crossed this bridge the day after it could be walked across. Later I saw the building of the bridge across the Nuni—5,000 Chinese and 2,000 Russians working day and night, seven days in the week, pushing it to completion.

Though in national ethics our Government has been justified in protesting against the continued occupation of Manchuria, the protests have been little other than waste paper, for Downing-street has known all along: Russia would not evacuate, and Russia knew well that we had not sufficient interests in that part of the world to take any active steps to oust her. We really have got no direct ground of issue with Russia, though Japan, with an eye to the future, undoubtedly has.

The legitimate fear in many minds is that we will become entangled in the controversy. We have been doing our best to keep on friendly terms with France, so that the French will think twice before going to the aid of their Russian ally. If she did we would be compelled, under the terms of our agreement, to take sides with Japan, and face both France and Russia in war.

That Japan will ultimately win in the struggle I am by no means confident. At the start she is almost certain to have the advantage. There is full reason to think that should the facts of the two countries meet

one another, that of Russia will be worsted. Japan will then land her troops. I should not be surprised, however, if for several months there is no land fighting. Russia will back into Manchuria, towards Siberia, destroying the country before her, and Japan, however excellent her transport, will not have the power to follow the enemy into the wilderness.

Russia has a distinct disadvantage at the present time, in that winter is now at its severest, and getting troops across Siberia and Manchuria is a task to describe which the word "colossal" is a feeble term. What Russia will probably do is to allow Japan to take possession of Korea and seize the Manchuria seaboard. Maintaining so huge an army will be a tremendous drain on Japanese resources. She will probably allow her to bleed financially for some months, and then, in early summer, she will bring a very large number of troops upon those of her pugnacious little foe, and, not by warlike ability, but by sheer force of numbers will crush Japan from her hold on the Asiatic mainland.

MEDALS FOR GOOD CHILDREN.

INTERESTING COMPETITION OF ENGLISH SCHOOLS.

There is keen competition between Board schools as to what school can produce the best show of

MEDALLED SCHOLARS.

Examples are mentioned by the *Sun* newspaper of children who have year after year received the medal for not having missed a single day's punctual attendance. The *Sun* tells a pretty story of one such child—little Ellen Williams, daughter of highly respectable parents at 5 Barnsbury Park, London. Last year this little girl received the Attendance Medal, and her Teachers were proud of her, as they had every reason to be. She bade fair to rival her brother, who has been the recipient of NO LESS THAN FOUR MEDALS, which means that he has not missed a single day's attendance at school for four consecutive years.

The mother of these exemplary children shows her little daughter to a *Sun* representative. She is a bright-eyed girl of eleven—the picture of childish health and intelligence. "That is my little daughter



LITTLE ELLEN WILLIAMS.

(From a photograph by E. Salomon, *Highbury*.) you are inquiring about," said Mrs. Williams, "and she is now one of the healthiest of my family. She went to school early, and is very studious. She was very eager to go to school, but one day we noticed that she had a nasty twitching about her legs. One leg she complained of as being very painful, and then I noticed that the other leg would not keep still. It kept moving and twisting about, and, so far as I could see, she had lost all power to keep it still.

"I consulted a doctor. He said she must leave off going to school, and keep very quiet. I thought it would break her heart, because that meant giving up winning

HER MEDAL THAT YEAR.

The doctor said she was suffering from infantile paralysis. It seemed to me like St. Vitus' dance, because it first began with the twitching of the muscles of her legs, and sometimes it would go right up one side of her body, into her arms and up the side of her face."

"Did she improve," asked the *Sun* man, "by staying at home?"

"No, just the reverse, because gradually from her legs—of which she lost the use—the twitching spread until it got into her hands, and she was quite unable to keep them still, and at last she became so very bad that I had to put her to bed. She was in a very bad state, and I was afraid she would go into a decline, but as I came downstairs from the bedroom one day I picked up a little book that had been pushed under the door, and finding it referred to Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people, I began looking through it.

"The child was very bad at this time, twisting and convulsed all over her legs, body, arms and face; once or twice I even noticed it in her eyes. But in less than two or three days after commencing to take the pills she began to improve. She could sit up in bed, and the attacks became less severe, and before the end of her first bottle she was talking of going back to school. Her appetite was better, the twitching in the face had stopped, she had got back the use of legs, and when she had nearly finished the second box nothing remained but an occasional little shake of the hand.

"She went back to school, and by the time she had quite finished the box she was entirely recovered, and now there is no stronger or healthier child in the school."

"If this child had been dosed by an imitation or substitute for Dr. Williams' pink pills she would be suffering still. It is the genuine pills bearing Dr. Williams' name (and to be obtained post free for two and ninepence from Dr. Williams' medicine company, Holborn-viaduct, London, if readers have any difficulty in purchasing the genuine at shops) which have cured so many cases of anemia, bile, consumption, flat, gout, indigestion, kidney disease, paralysis, locomotor ataxy, St. Vitus' dance and the frequent ailments of ladies. Substitutes cure nothing.

Intimations.

THE BUSINESS TRAINING COLLEGE.

It is not a School or a Class; you come at any time you like between 8 o'clock A.M. and 10 o'clock P.M. daily except—

SATURDAYS, 8 to 2 o'clock only; SUNDAYS, 10 to 1 o'clock only.

LECTURES FREE at 4 to 6 and 4 to 8 P.M. SUNDAY LECTURES, 11 o'clock.

These Lectures will be given on "SHORT HAND," showing the ease with which the "UP-TO-DATE" System may be learned; never to be forgotten, and its reliability and charm to read and transcribe. All are invited, Ladies especially.

Note:—On and after the 1st of May next, the Fees for Shorthand will be considerably increased. The object for fixing the absurdly low price of \$50 is to ensure a large number of pupils at once.

PRINCIPAL: WARWICK PEELE, (Late Special Reporter, British Houses Lords, Commons, and High Courts).

Each department is conducted by a competent master.

TYPEWRITING—Blind Touch System. BOOKKEEPING—Double Entry.

LESSONS ON "QUICK AT FIGURING"—New rules, adding backwards, new additions, amusing arithmetic, measuring for all trades, calculations for all branches of business.

LESSONS ON FAULTS IN SPEAKING AND WRITING—Vulgarisms, misapplied words, pleonasm, &c.

LESSONS ON MEMORY TRAINING—Special methods adopted by many Professors.

LESSONS ON MANNERS, BUSINESS, AND SOCIAL DEPARTMENT.

LANGUAGES AND TRANSLATIONS—ENGLISH, CHINESE, JAPANESE, RUSSIAN, INDIAN TONGUES, MALAY, SPANISH, PORTUGUESE, FRENCH, AND GERMAN.

TERMS ON APPLICATION. Circulars and Press opinions free—write "The Secretary."

BUSINESS TRAINING COLLEGE, Watkin's Buildings, (Near G. P. O.) HONGKONG. (P. O. Box 343).

Hongkong, 25th March, 1904. [421]

THE EUROPEAN BAKERY would be glad to take ORDERS now for

HOT CROSS BUNS, HANS WEISMANN.

Hongkong, 26th March, 1904. [430]

THE ROBINSON PIANO CO. LTD.

HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, SINGAPORE.

CABIN PIANOS AND BABY ORGANS

GUARANTEED FOR CLIMATE.

THE NEWEST RAG TIME MUSIC and BOOKS.

VICTOR TALKING MACHINES

REPRODUCTION OF THE HUMAN VOICE

SHIPS PIANO PLAYERS \$450

CASH or CREDIT

Hongkong, 6th January, 1904. [39]

THE PHARMACY,

FLETCHER & CO., 14, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, 藥房

SPECIAL NYSAL HAIR RESTORER.

AN EXCELLENT PREPARATION for changing Grey Hair to its Original Colour; prevents the hair from falling out, and cleanses the head from all dandruff.

PER BOTTLE \$1.25.

Prescriptions and private recipes carefully prepared with the best Drugs.

A. STEVENSON, Chemist,

Registered by the Pharmaceutical Society, Hongkong, 26th March, 1904. [38]

Intimations.

LADIES' RAIN COATS JUST ARRIVED.

AT MADAME FLINT & CO'S.

CONNAUGHT HOTEL, ROOMS: 3, 4, & 5.

Hongkong, 16th March, 1904. [386]

THE TRYPOGRAPH DUPLICATOR (ZUCCATO'S PATENT).

OWING TO THE LARGE DEMAND for the ABOVE MACHINE, I am now prepared to receive any of them from my next shipment to my customers.

To avoid disappointment, book your orders early.

PRICES RANGING from £2 to £5 each.

FREE—SAMPLES and PRICE LIST sent Post Free on application.

JACK E. ELLIS, 17A, Queen's Road Central, 1st Floor, Sole Agent for E. M. RICHFORD of London.

Hongkong, 21st March, 1904. [254]

Insurance.

NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

THE Undersigned AGENTS of the above Company are prepared to accept First Class FOREIGN and CHINESE RISKS at CURRENT RATES.

SIEMSEN & Co. Hongkong, 28th May, 1904. [52]

Notice of Firm.

THE HONGKONG AND KOWLOON WHARF AND GODOWN COMPANY, LIMITED.

I HAVE This Day RE-UMED CHARGE of the above Company's business.

EDWARD OSBORNE, Secretary.

Hongkong, 26th March, 1904. [437]

Mails.

NORTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

BOSTON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

BOSTON TOW-BOAT COMPANY.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG, VIA SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA OF JAPAN, KOREA AND YOKOHAMA, FOR VICTORIA, B.C., AND TACOMA, IN CONNECTION WITH NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamers. Tons. Captains. 1904

Tremont 9,606 T. W. Garlick... Mar. 29

Loyal 4,417 C. V. Williams May 4

Tacoma 3,812 M. Ridley May 13

Shawmut 9,606 W. M. Smith May 21

Victoria 3,502 J. Truebridge.....

1 Cargo only.

Steamers marked (*) have no second-class passenger accommodation.

The attention of passengers is directed to the very cheap rates offered by this line to the Pacific Coast and to the Interior and Eastern Cities of the United States and to Europe.

Special rates allowed to members of Government Services.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Pacific Coast Ports and to the Principal Cities in the United States and Canada.

For further information as to Freight or Passage, apply to

DODWELL & CO., LIMITED, General Agents.

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1904. [12]

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOTS-POSTE FRANCAIS

NOTICE

STEAM FOR SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA, COLOMBO, PONDICHERY, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, ADEN, DJIBOUTI, EGYPT, MARSEILLES, MEDITERRANEAN AND BLACK SEA PORTS, LONDON, HAVRE, BORDEAUX.

ALSO PORTS OF BRAZIL AND RIVER PLATE.

ON TUESDAY, the 5th April, 1904, at 1 P.M., the Company's Steamship "ARMAND BEHIC," Captain Flaminio, with Mails, Passengers, Specie and Cargo, will leave this Port for MARSEILLES, via Ports of Call, WITHOUT TRANSIT.

This Steamer connects at COLOMBO with the Australian Line S.S. *Oceanic* bound for MARSEILLES via BOMBAY and ADEN.

Cargo and Specie will be registered for London as well as for Marseilles, and accepted in transit through Marseilles for the principal places of Europe.

Shipping Orders will be granted till Noon only on MONDAY, the 4th April, Specie and Parcels received until 4 P.M. on the same day. No Cargo will be received on board on TUESDAY.

Parcels are not to be sent on board; they must be left at the Agency's Office. Contents and Value of Packages are required.

For further Particulars, apply at the Company's Office.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Agent.

Hongkong, 24th March, 1904. [9]

Auctions.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on TUESDAY, the 5th day of April, 1904, at 3 P.M., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, of One Lot of CROWN LAND, at Bonham Road in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 Years, with the option of renewal at a CROWN RENT to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in Square Feet.	Annual Rent.	Upset Price.			
1	Inland Lot No. 1794	ft. ft. ft. ft. ft. ft.	ft. ft. ft. ft. ft. ft.	ft. ft. ft. ft. ft. ft.	ft. ft. ft. ft. ft. ft.			
	Bonham Road	56.6	118	86	33.6	5,000	34	1,500

Hongkong, 26th March, 1904. [475]

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on TUESDAY, the 5th day of April, 1904, at 3 P.M., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, of One Lot of CROWN LAND, at Lai-Chi-Kok, in the New Territory of Hongkong, for a term of 75 Years, with the option of renewal at a CROWN RENT to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for the rest of the term of lease from China or for one further term of 75 years if competent for the Government so to make it.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in Square Feet.	Annual Rent.	Upset Price.			
1	New Kowloon Lot No. 1794	ft. ft. ft. ft. ft. ft.	ft. ft. ft. ft. ft. ft.	ft. ft. ft. ft. ft. ft.	ft. ft. ft. ft. ft. ft.			
	Lai Chi Kok	118	700	657	815	34,000	498	10,375

Hongkong, 26th March, 1904. [426]

Masonic.

EOTHEN MARK LODGE, No. 264.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above LODGE will be held at the FREEMASONS' HALL, Zealand Street, TO-MORROW, the 29th instant, at 5 for 5.30 P.M. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited to attend.

Hongkong, 28th March, 1904. [473]

ZETLAND LODGE, No. 525, E.C.

A REGULAR MEETING of ZETLAND LODGE will be held at the FREEMASONS' HALL, Zealand Street, on SATURDAY, the 2nd April, at 8.30 for 9 P.M. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited to attend.

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1904. [474]

Consignees.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM MIDDLESBOROUGH, LONDON AND STRAITS.

THE Steamship "MONMOUTHSHIRE," Captain H. N. Vyooan, having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 1st prox. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 3rd inst., at 2.30 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by SHEWAN, TOMES & Co., General Agents.

Hongkong, 26th March, 1904. [431]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"BENGAL," FROM BOMBAY, COLOMBO AND STRAITS.

Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

This vessel brings on Cargo:—From London, &c., ex S.S. *China*, *Nubia*, and *Macdonia*.

From Australia, ex S.S. *Arctia*.

From Calcutta, ex S.S. *Sardinia*.

From Persian Gulf, &c., ex B. I. S. N. and B. & P. S. N. Co.'s Steamers.

Optional Goods will be landed here unless instructions are given to the contrary before 5 P.M., TO-DAY.

Goods not cleared by the 31st instant, at 4 P.M., will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in any case whatever.

Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's representative at an appointed hour.

All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here after which date they cannot be recognised.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns.

E. A. HEWETT, Superintendent.

Hongkong, 25th March, 1904. [4]

Consignees.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

"GLEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FROM MIDDLEBOROUGH, ANTWERP, LONDON AND STRAITS.

THE Steamship "GLEN TURET,"

having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Limited, at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Goods not cleared by the 2nd prox. will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected. All damaged packages must be left in the Godowns, and a certificate of the damage obtained from the Godown Company within ten days after the steamer's arrival, after which no claims will be recognised.

MCGREGOR BROS. & GOW, Hongkong, 26th March, 1904. [432]

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per S.S. "GLEN TURET" are hereby notified that owing to the steamer having been on fire during the voyage, a GENERAL AVERAGE BOND must be SIGNED, and 2% of the value of the Cargo deposited with the undersigned before delivery can be obtained.

MCGREGOR BROS. & GOW, Hongkong, 26th March, 1904. [433]

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE.

Intimations.

WATSON'S
TOILET PREPARATIONS

WATSON'S GLYCERINE AND CAR-

BOLIC SOAPS effect a saving of 50%, owing to the large size of the tablets. They are made of the purest ingredients and are elegantly put up. Our Carbolic Dog Soap is the best thing of its kind in the market.

WATSON'S TAI YEUK FONG HAIR

WASH prepared from a recipe of the late Dr. Ayres, continues to give much satisfaction to those who use it.

WATSON'S ORIENTAL DENTIF-

FRICE. In the early days of the Colony the public used no other. Liquid dentifrices do not keep the teeth white and clean. We recommend the above preparation to all, and especially to those who are heavy smokers.

A. S. WATSON & Co.,
LIMITED.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

Hongkong, 26th March, 1904.

TELEPHONE NO. 256.
CABLE ADDRESS: "ACHEE," HONGKONG.
A. B. C. CODE, 4TH EDITION.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

A CHEE & CO.,
祥利廣
17, QUEEN'S ROAD.FURNITURE
DEALERS.

DRAWING-ROOM,
DINING-ROOM,
and BED-ROOM
FURNITURE.

ELECTRO-PLATED,
GLASS, and
CHINA WARES.
PASTEUR'S MICROBE-PROOF
FILTERS,
ROCHESTER LAMPS,
WHITE TURKISH TOWELS.
COUNTERPANES,
COOKING RANGES,
KITCHEN UTENSILS, and
HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES.

PHOTOGRAPHIC
DEPARTMENT.
DEVELOPING and PRINTING
UNDERTAKEN for AMATEURS.
GOOD WORK.

PROMPT RETURN.

Hongkong, 8th January, 1904.

CARMICHAEL AND
CLARKE,
CONSULTING ENGINEERS AND
SHIPBUILDERS,
SURVEYORS and CONTRACTORS.

REPAIRS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

TELEGRAMS: "CARMICHAEL," Hongkong.

A. B. C. Code, 4th Edition.

A. 1 Code.

Lieber's Standard Code.

TELEPHONE, 232.

Hongkong, 20th March, 1903.

NOTICE

All communications intended for publication in the "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" should be addressed to The Editor, 1, Lee House Road, and should be accompanied by the Writer's Name and Address.

Ordinary business communications should be addressed to The Manager.

The Editor will not undertake to be responsible for any rejected MS., nor to return any Contribution.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES (IN ADVANCE).

DAILY—\$30 per annum.

WEEKLY—\$13 per annum.

The rates per quarter and per mensem, proportional.

The daily issue is delivered free when the address is accessible to messenger. On copies sent by post an additional \$1.80 per quarter is charged for postage.

The postage on the weekly issue to any part of the world is 30 cents per quarter.

Single Copies Daily, ten cents; Weekly, twenty-five cents.

MARRIAGE.

On the 21st March, at Holy Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, by the Rt. Rev. J. B. Ost, JOHN SOWDEN SYMONS, to ANNIE GARDNER BLAIR, elder daughter of Captain and Mrs. T. Johns, of Shanghai.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, MONDAY, MARCH 28, 1904.

THE LABOUR QUESTION.

The movement against the introduction of Chinese labour into the Transvaal has almost attained national dimensions. The subject has deeply stirred up the British people at home, and at many meetings organised against the proposal the conduct of the Government on the matter has been strongly censured. No public gathering could possibly be held in England in favour of the introduction of Chinese labour, while in nearly all the great centres of population meetings in opposition to that policy have taken place. The journals have printed columns after columns bearing upon the subject, and newspaper correspondents seem to have been reaping a small harvest by vigorously attacking the Government upon their policy. Dealing with what he—or the sub-editor—has headed, "the 'Yellow Peril' in the Straits Settlements," an enterprising writer, in the course of an hysterical effusion, admirably illustrates the fact that, since the introduction of Chinese labour into our southern colony the States have continued to flourish. Following this, he alludes to the "hopeless struggle" of the British merchant seeking to establish a new business in Singapore or Penang against Chinese labour, and as a parting hit blindly refers to the 'host of vices' brought by the Celestial when he entered the Straits Settlements. According to Sir Frank Swettenham, however—and we prefer his opinion to that of the penny-a-liner—the result of Chinese labour in developing the mineral resources of the Malay Peninsula, is marvellous. In less than 30 years, four small Malay States, jungle-covered, pathless, unknown, have been turned into flourishing communities with a total revenue of over two millions sterling per annum, a trade of ten millions sterling per annum, 350 miles of excellent railway, thousands of miles of roads and telegraphs, great public buildings, schools, hospitals, waterworks—in fact, all the machinery of the most modern administration—with no debt of any sort and a balance of over one-and-a-half millions, ready to be spent on further railway extension and other works of development. The development of the tin mines in British Malaya is the work of indentured Chinese labourers, and it may safely be said that the same results could not have been obtained with any other class of labour. The revenue raised from the mining industry has paid for the administration generally, and for all the great public works which have placed the Malay States in their present position of enviable prosperity, affording such facilities to planting enterprise of every description that cultivators of all nationalities, Europeans, Malays, Chinese, and Indians, have settled in the country, and if the mines should fail (of which there seems no probability for many years to come) there will then be a settled population of agriculturists. The Straits Settlements Colony, with its great markets on the main line of ocean traffic, holding as they do the gate of the Far Eastern trade, has increased in wealth and importance *pari passu* with their *Hinterland*, for all the imports to and exports from the Federated Malay States pass through the hands of the merchants of Singapore and Penang. With this, the authorities at home and those who have a voice in the matter evidently agree, and, as we have already seen, the House of Lords has rejected a motion put to defer, indefinitely, the introduction of Chinese labour in our newly acquired possession in South Africa. The British Minister to Peking has had notification of the decision, and Sir Ernest Satow has likewise informed Viceroy Wei Kwang-tao, while locally we understand that several firms are interesting themselves over the question of exportation.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

ONE fatal case of plague (Chinese) occurred to-day at Salisbury Avenue, Tsim Sha Tsui district.

OPERATIONS on an extensive scale are about to be carried out by the whole of the troops in garrison.

ON Saturday the Hongkong Cricket Club beat a united league team of fifteen players by 31 runs. The club scored 162 and the united league 131.

THE British battleships and cruisers left the harbour at two o'clock this afternoon and proceeded to Mersa Bay where they will remain for a few days.

MR. W. J. Titcher, assistant superintendent of the Botanical and Afforestation Department, is leaving for home with Mrs. Titcher, on the German mail next Wednesday.

PLAYING under Association rules on Saturday afternoon the navy league teams from the *Albion* and *Cressy* tried conclusions at the Happy Valley. The *Albion* scored three goals and the *Cressy* one.

WE understand that on Friday evening the new German Consul and his wife, Dr. and Mrs. Krueger, gave an entertainment at the German Club, and that on the following night a dance was given by the A.D.C.

THE Portuguese cruiser *Adamastor* arrived at Macao from Lourenço Marques on Friday evening. She is lying in the outer roadstead, not being able to approach the harbour nearer than seven miles on account of its silted condition.

ON Friday, Saturday and Monday, the 1st, 2nd and 4th April, the General Post Office will be open for one hour only, i.e., from 8 a.m. till 9 a.m. All outgoing mails will be closed at 9 a.m. The money order office will be entirely closed.

WE have received from the Vice-President of the Great Northern Railway Company, St. Paul, Minn., a copy of an article describing the design and building of the 21,000 tons steamships *Minnesota* and *Oakota* which are intended for the Pacific trade.

THERE was a large attendance of ladies and gentlemen at the Metropole Hotel on Saturday evening when Mr. Jas. Christie, the proprietor, gave a ball in celebration of his taking over the premises. A naval band was engaged and a most pleasant evening was spent.

ON the 18th inst., the French minister at Peking notified the Viceroy that the Kwangsi rebellion was still unsuppressed, especially at Nanning, Ching Yuen, Shu and En, where the rebels have their centres, and that prompt measures should be taken to suppress it.

FIVE following is the return of visitors to the City Hall Library and Museum for the week ending 27th March, 1904:—

	Library	Museum
Non-Chinese	272	83
Chinese	102	2,742
Total	374	2,825

IT transpired recently that a Japanese squadron, consisting of the battleships *Fuji* and *Yashima* and the cruisers *Chitose* and *Takagao*, visited Haiyang Island in the Bay of Corea on the 28th ultimo. The landing of the bluejackets surprised the islanders, who number about 500, and who had no previous knowledge that war was in progress. The Russians left the island, it appears, on the 23rd ultimo. One signal flag and a large quantity of coal belonging to them was found there. The Japanese were in occupation for an hour only.—*N. C. D. News.*

A VERY interesting arbitration is to be opened at Shanghai on 22nd instant before the Chief Justice, Sir Hiram Wilkinson. When H. E. Li Hung-chang was in England he was introduced by Lord Salisbury at Hatfield to Miss Mortlock, a portrait painter, and in some way it was arranged that she should paint H.E. Li's portrait, which she did. She is now claiming one thousand guineas from the Grand Secretary's estate, her counsel being Messrs. Dowdall, Hanson, and McNeill. Messrs. Drummond, White-Cooper, and Phillips have been retained as counsel for the defence.

THE arrival of the popular river steamer *Huangshan* from Macao to-day was considerably delayed on account of the fog. So dense was it on the steamer leaving Macao at eight o'clock this morning that considerable caution had to be exercised by the experienced hand at the helm, Capt. Jones, who had a difficult task in piloting the huge boat through the narrow fairway in Macao harbour. For a considerable time the steamer proceeded dead slow and when she got near Lantau so dense was the fog that the skipper decided to drop anchor. Half an hour later the fog lifted and with a clearer atmosphere it was safe to resume the voyage which the *Huangshan* proceeded to do at about noon, arriving at her wharf in Hongkong about a quarter past one.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

IMPORTANT BILLS INTRODUCED.

A meeting of the Legislative Council was held this afternoon in the Council Chamber. Present:—His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, F. H. May, C.M.G., Hon. A. M. Thomson, (Acting Colonial Secretary), Hon. Sir Henry Spencer Berkeley, Kt. (Attorney-General), Hon. L. A. M. Johnston (Acting Colonial Treasurer), Hon. Capt. L. A. Barnes-Laurence, R.N. (Harbour Master), Hon. W. Chatham, (Director of Public Works), Hon. Sir C. P. Chater, C.M.G., Hon. Dr. Ho Kai, C.M.G., Hon. 'Wei Yuk, and Mr. R. F. Johnston (Acting Clerk of Councils).

MINUTES.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

FINANCIAL.

The Acting Colonial Secretary laid on the table Financial Minutes (Nos. 19 and 20) and moved that they be referred to the Finance Committee.

The Acting Colonial Treasurer seconded and the motion was agreed to.

PAPER.

The Acting Colonial Secretary laid on the table a revised estimate, 1904, in connection with the New Territory Land Court.

PILOTS.

The Harbour Master moved the first reading of a Bill entitled An Ordinance to provide for and regulate the Employment of Pilots. The objects and reasons state:—This Bill is designed with the object of exercising certain control over the existing so-called pilots of this Colony, and thus establish a properly constituted pilot service. While no natural difficulty presents itself in the navigation of these waters it is a well known fact that men are largely employed for the purpose, in vessels using the port, though doubtless at the masters are glad of their services for berthing their vessels, etc. Such being the case it has been deemed expedient that desirable persons only should be employed as pilots, if duly qualified. This Bill makes provision for the same, while it safeguards the service being one of option to the employers.

The Acting Colonial Secretary seconded and the motion was carried.

RESIDENTIAL AREA.

The Attorney General moved the first reading of a Bill entitled An Ordinance for the reservation of a residential area in the Hill District. The object and reasons are as follows:—The measure has as its object the reservation of that portion of the Island of Hongkong commonly known as "the Peak" as a place of residence for persons other than Chinese. The reservation of this district is desirable in order that a healthy place of residence may be preserved for all those who are accustomed to a temperate climate and to whom life in the tropics presents the disadvantage of an unnatural environment.

The Acting Colonial Secretary seconded and the motion was carried.

BANISHMENT.

The Attorney General moved the first reading of a Bill entitled an Ordinance to amend Ordinance No. 8 of 1882 entitled "The Banishment and Conditional Pardons Ordinance, 1882." The objects and reasons state:—This Bill is to empower the Governor in Council, in the interest of order and good government, to remove from the Colony persons who after they have acquired by naturalization the status of British subjects become a source of danger to the peace, order and good government of the Colony. The Bill provides that in case of the banishment of any naturalized person his status as a British subject shall *ipso facto* be suspended or cancelled as the case may be. Power is reserved to His Majesty to disallow any suspension or cancellation of naturalization. Somewhat similar legislation has been adopted in the Straits Settlements. The object of the Bill is the prevention of crime in the New Territories. There are in that portion of the Colony many bad characters who go about in armed gangs robbing the peaceable inhabitants. There have of late been numerous cases in which inhabitants of the New Territory have been convicted of armed robberies on junks and boats and of robberies with violence in the night time on land and afloat with and without arms. It is desirable that power should be taken to banish, if necessary, such persons after they have undergone imprisonment. There are also cases in which persons guilty of the serious crimes mentioned, though well known, escape punishment on account of the difficulty, for fear of reprisals, in getting witnesses to come forward against them in the Law Courts. As the law stands such persons though a constant menace to peace and good order cannot be banished if naturalized subjects by operation of the Lense of the New Territories or otherwise. The present Bill gives power to deal by way of banishment with such bad characters and it is believed that when they learn that they may be banished from the Territory the effect for good upon them will be considerable.

ADJOURNED.

With regard to the second reading of the Bill entitled An Ordinance to amend the Prepared Opium Ordinance, 1891, and the committee stage on the Bill entitled An Ordinance to enable effect to be given in this Colony to a Convention signed the Fifth day of March, Nineteen hundred and two in relation to Sugar the Attorney General moved that both items be postponed.

This was agreed to, and the Council was adjourned *sine die*.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Finance Committee was held immediately after the Council. Hon. A. M. Thomson, Acting Colonial Secretary, presiding. The following votes were submitted, and the Committee agreed to recommend that they be adopted by the Council:—

THE LAND COURT.

A sum of \$13,801 in accordance with the revised estimate for the Land Court, New Territory:—

Personal emoluments	\$10,881
Other charges	2,920
Total	\$13,801

THE VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

A sum of \$1,895.84 in aid of the vote public works recurrent, miscellaneous works, to clear off all liabilities in connection with the construction of the Victoria Hospital.

The meeting then adjourned.

PROMISSORY NOTE CASE.

The Chief Justice, this morning, heard an action brought by Kwong Kam Chuen, Kwong Sui Hing, Lau Ching Ming and Pui Cheong Tong, alias Tang Pui Cheong Tong, trading as Hop Sing Tong against Kwok Chiu Kin to recover \$4,000, due on promissory notes.

Mr. E. H. Sharp, K.C. (instructed by Mr. E. J. Crist, of Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist) appeared for the plaintiff, while Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C. (instructed by Mr. G. K. H. Brutton,) appeared to make an application on behalf of defendant.

Defendant was at Port Arthur and wrote to the Chief Justice asking him to fix a day for the hearing of the case and go on with it in his absence. This, 'his Lordship remarked, was a very improper thing to do, and had it been done by a European he would probably have committed him for contempt of Court. The day was fixed and the case came on, when Mr. Pollock applied to the Court for leave to appear for defendant. The Chief Justice, however, declined to allow him to appear, as no affidavits were filed in support of the application, and a dangerous precedent would be created if he allowed Counsel to represent defendant, after defendant had withdrawn his defence. The statement of claim set forth that plaintiffs and defendant had been partners in a business under the name of Bismark and Company, at Hongkong, Port Arthur and Dalny. On May 30 the plaintiffs and defendant dissolved their partnership on the terms that defendant should give up his interest in the business of Bismark and Company, Hongkong, and should take over the businesses at Port Arthur and Dalny and pay the plaintiffs the sum of \$35,000. In pursuance of the agreement and in part payment of the \$35,000 the defendant gave plaintiffs two promissory notes, dated May 31st for \$2,000 each, which were payable one month from date, and entered in possession of and still retains the businesses at Port Arthur and Dalny. The defendant had not paid any of the money, and the plaintiffs claimed \$4,000.

The Chief Justice gave judgment for plaintiffs, with costs.

The Court adjourned *sine die*.

THE TIENSIN GAS CO.

INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

At the Supreme Court this morning, before the Chief Justice, Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C. (instructed by Mr. H. J. Gedge, of Messrs. Johnston, Stokes and Master), appeared in support of an application from the Tientsin Gas Company to give effect to certain special resolutions passed at an extraordinary meeting of the company in December last.

The special resolutions were that clause 3 of the Memorandum of Association be altered by substituting the following sub-section:—(a) to manufacture, sell and supply any kind of illuminant in the foreign concessions and settlements at Tientsin, Tientsin Native City, Peking, Tangku, Tongshan, Peitaiho, Ching-wantao, Shanhaikwan and any other place between or in the neighbourhood of the said places or elsewhere in North China, and to carry on the business of a gas or oil, or electric light works in all their branches, and to manufacture or generate gas, or electricity, or any other illuminant. And by inserting after sub-clause (f) three new sub-clauses which would enable the Company to carry on in all or any of the places aforesaid the business of an electric light company in all its branches, and to light the towns, streets, docks, etc., both public and private, in the foreign concessions in Tientsin or elsewhere in North China. To carry on the business of electricians, etc., for the purposes of supplying light, heat, and power, and to manufacture all apparatus required in connection with the distribution or generation and employment of electricity. To carry on the business of lighting of every description, whether gas, electricity, or other illuminant, in all their respective branches and to manufacture, manipulate, or use all chemicals capable of being used alone or in conjunction with other chemicals or elements for the purpose of producing any illuminating power. Further, they resolved that the capital of the Company be increased from taels 50,000 Tientsin sycee to taels 250,000 Tientsin Sycee, by the issue of two thousand shares at taels 100 each, and, furthermore, that the name of the Company be altered to The Tientsin Gas and Electric Light Company, Limited.

The Chief Justice made the order asked for.

THE HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

ANNUAL INSPECTION.

The Hongkong Volunteer Corps assembled for annual inspection, by the Officer Commanding the Troops in South China, on the new Ground on Saturday afternoon. Some 200 officers and men, in full uniform, were present. The inspection, announced at 2 p.m., did not begin till 3.30. The inspecting officer, H. E. Major-General Villiers Hutton, C.B., was accompanied by Major A. D. Hamilton, P.S.C., Deputy Asst. Adj. General and Capt. E. S. Ward, and Grenadier Guards, A.D.C. The officers and men presented a very smart appearance in their uniforms of khaki drill, puttees, white helmets, belts, sidearms and rifles, and the muster was a good one; 170, rank and file, being present.

Major C. G. Pritchard, R.A., was in command, with the following officers under his orders:—

Major A. Chapman, second in command; Supply Surgeon Lt. E. A. R. Iving, Captains O. Ordish, D. Macdonald, G. J. H. Sayer, J. H. W. Armstrong, T. Skinner and R. Mitchell; Lieutenants J. W. L. Oliver, J. A. T. Plummer, G. P. Lamment, W. Nicholson, M. S. Northcote, E. G. Barrett, M. M. Scott and W. A. Crake, Corps Sgts. Major W. Higby, Corps Armourer Sgt. J. Hawks.

Inspection terminated, the Corps, formed up in close order, was addressed by H. E. Major-General Villiers Hutton, C.B. He expressed his satisfaction at the appearance of the men on parade, but regretted that the Corps was not up to its full strength, and urged the members to use their influence with their friends to induce them to join. The General stated that he was very satisfied with the gun practice of the Corps, and said that, in the future, manoeuvres would only be executed with the 15lb. B.L. and maxims. The band of the Sherwood Foresters was in attendance and played during the inspection.

CHINESE FOR SOUTH AFRICA.

Sir Ernest Satow, the British Minister to Peking, has written an official despatch to the Viceroy Wei Kwang-tao regarding the importation of Chinese labour into South Africa, which has become such a burning question in British politics, involving as it does the life or death of the Government. We roughly translate from the Chinese text as follows:—

Minister Chang Teh-yih has written me from London that he is now contemplating concluding an agreement regarding the importation of Chinese labour into the mines in South Africa so as to protect the interests of the Chinese labourers. According to the treaty between China and Great Britain dated 10th year of the Emperor Hsien Fung (24th Oct., 1860) there is a stipulation in Article V as follows:—

"As soon as the ratifications of the Treaty of the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight shall have been exchanged, His Majesty the Emperor of China will decree, commanding the high authorities of every province to proclaim throughout their jurisdictions that Chinese, in choosing to take service in British colonies or other ports beyond the sea, are at perfect liberty to enter into engagements with British subjects for that purpose, and to ship themselves and their families on board any British vessels at the open ports of China; also that the high authorities aforesaid shall, in concert with H.B.M.'s Representative in China, frame such regulations for the protection of Chinese emigrating as above as the circumstances of the different open ports may demand."

Therefore such regulations shall be compiled between the two powers so as to give due protection to the Chinese labourers. Now British South Africa is recruiting Chinese labour and the *Wai Wupu* and Minister Chang Teh-yih are to draft such regulations. I shall be obliged if you (Viceroy Wei Kwang-tao) would attend to the matter with the Ministers of the Board of Foreign Affairs at Peking.—*Er*

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

MAILS DUE.

German (*Preussen*) 29th inst.
Indian (*Lightning*) 30th inst.
German (*Prinz Heinrich*) 30th inst.
American (*Doric*) 4th prox.
French (*Annam*) 4th prox.
Canadian (*Athenian*) 4th prox.
Indian (*Hangaroo*) 5th prox.
Canadian (*Empress of India*) 15th prox.
American (*Siberia*) 17th prox.

The M. M. Co.'s s.s. *Annam*, with the next French Mail, will leave Singapore to-day, at 5 p.m., for this port via Saigon.

The Imperial German Mail s.s. *Preussen* left Shanghai Saturday, at 2 p.m., and may be expected here on Tuesday, a.m.

The C. P. R. Co.'s s.s. *Athenian* left Yokohama at 1 p.m., on 27th inst., and leaves again at 5 a.m., Tuesday, for Kobe where she is due to arrive at noon, on 30th inst.

The Imperial German Mail s.s. *Prinz Heinrich* with the German Mail left Singapore on Saturday morning, and may be expected here on Wednesday afternoon, the 30th inst.

TELEGRAMS.

"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH"
SERVICE.

LIGHT BLUES WIN

THE BOAT RACE.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

LONDON, 26th March,
8.45 a.m.

Owing to the state of the tide the Inter-University Boat Race took place unusually early this morning.

The Cambridge crew won easily.

CANTON STEAMERS
DELAYED.

(From Our Correspondent.)

CANTON, 28th March,
11.40 a.m.

The river steamers *Hankow*, *Hoiko*, *Kronychow* and *Paul Beau*, due here at 6 a.m., have not yet arrived. It is supposed they are delayed by the fog.

INSPECTION BY THE
VICEROY.

On Saturday, the Viceroy, accompanied by the local officials, inspected the Military School and Torpedo Depot at Whampoa.

(Reuter's.)

The Russian Tea Import.

LONDON, 25th March.

A Russian semi-official announcement says that the import of China teas for Russia has been arranged via London and any gap caused by the war will be filled by an increased import of Indian and Ceylon teas.

LATER.

France and the Vatican.

France has sent a vigorous protest to the Vatican against the Pope's speech to the members of the Sacred College in re the French anti-clerical measures on the 19th instant.

Result of the Grand National.

- 1.—Molloy.
- 2.—Kirkland.
- 3.—Gunner.

The Near East.

Turkey continues making preparations for all emergencies. Macedonia and Greece have called out the first class reserves ostensibly for manoeuvres.

The Russian Fleet.

The cruiser *Oshybia* and two destroyers have arrived at Algiers from Suda Bay and will probably proceed to Lisbon on Tuesday.

The War.

26th March.

It is stated in St. Petersburg that a considerable Cossack force is operating in the East-South East of the Japanese communications between Anju and Ping Yang, apparently with the object of preventing a junction of the troops landed at Chemulpo on the West and Gensan on the East of Korea. It is reported that 8,000 Japanese have marched across the mountains from Gensan to Yangtok on the road to Ping Yang.

The Japanese in British Columbia.

The Dominion Government has disallowed, on Imperial grounds, three acts of the British Columbia Legislative Council imposing restrictions on the Japanese.

The University Boat Race.

Cambridge won the University boat race by four lengths.

LENGTHENING THE S.S.
"CHANG ON"

The steamer *Chang On* which was in collision some time ago with the P. & O. steamer *Buller* and sunk at Woosung, and afterwards raised and docked, was cut in two to-day at the Old Dock for the purpose of being lengthened. Says the *Shanghai Mercury* of 22nd inst.

The owners of the vessel having found that the damage done by the collision was so great, and taking into consideration the increasing trade and traffic of the Yangtze River, they wisely decided to take the opportunity offered of lengthening their vessel by 32 feet. The hull had to be cut in two at a point forward of the boiler room, where all plates and woodwork forming the hull had been cut apart, and everything made ready for the pulling of the forward part away from the after part thus making room for the additional 32 feet. To carry this out it was necessary to place the fore part of the hull on a cradle which was again placed on sliding skids, and when all was ready the signal was given and a powerful derrick put to work on the fore part, the pulling apart process being performed successfully and no hitch of any kind occurring.

The new part of the hull will be filled in and the whole work will be completed in about two months' time.

This work undertaken by Messrs. Farnham Boyd and Co. is not the first of its kind, they having successfully performed the same work on the steamers *Fuying*, *Chingling*, *Kiang-yung* and *Kiangwan*, some years ago; all of these jobs were on a much larger scale and were completed to the entire satisfaction of the owners.

THE WAR.

VESSELS FOR NEWCHANG.

The acting Colonial Secretary kindly informs us that he has received the following telegram, dated to-day, from His Britannic Majesty's Consul at Newchang:—"Russian Military Authorities will allow vessels enter port daytime only, between six and six, vessels must stop at buoy ten and six miles below fort for examination."

THE FRENCH PAPER ON
NEUTRALITY.

The *Echo de Chine* states:—The *Akitsu-shim* is not anchored outside Woosung but in the middle of the river in front of the telegraph station, the bamboo gates of the fence of which are not closed, thus giving access to the large tanks of water in which the extremities of the cables are immersed.

Now that the *Mandjur* incident is disposed of, and the Russian gunboat fully and completely disabled, it would be interesting to know just what a 3,000 ton Japanese cruiser is doing in the river. The excuse for looking after the Japanese merchant marine no longer holds good and one may ask oneself whether the telegraph cables at Woosung are not a serious attraction for the *Akitsu-shim*. We see in this a great violation of Chinese neutrality, but the English press, nevertheless, does not breathe a word on the subject. A powerful cruiser which anchors in a neutral port and use that port as a base of operations and for obtaining information is a flagrant breach of neutrality, against which, however, nobody will protest.

(From Japanese Exchanges.)

THE SITUATION IN KOREA.

Seoul, March 18.—Marquis Ito, Special Envoy to Korea, was received in audience by the Korean Emperor and Crown Prince this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Seoul, March 19.—An official despatch from Teshu to the Korean Government states that 3,500 Russians are stationed at Matsusan (?), 1,500 at Hakusen, and 300 at Teishu. They are demanding provisions from the local officials. At one town they were given three koku of rice and in payment they mockingly tendered some pieces of wood. The Russians go from one village to another and loot the villages. They have committed several outrages on women. They have also visited various Post Offices and demanded a map of the district. When their request met with a refusal they made reprisals by cutting the telegraph wires. It is also stated that the Russian troops are in the habit of inquiring from persons they meet the number of the Japanese at Pingyang, and that when no satisfactory answer is forthcoming, the unfortunate individual questioned is severely beaten. Several Korean villages have been deserted from fear of the Russians. No further news has been received from this district since the destruction of the wire.

THE SHIMOSE EXPLOSIVE.

Our readers are aware that the explosive used in the Japanese Navy bears the name of its inventor, Dr. Shimose. The destructive power of this explosive was demonstrated during the recent naval engagements. A few days ago, the inventor, Dr. Shimose, delivered a lecture in Tokyo, in which he explained the nature and use of the powder. We are indebted for the following report to the *Japan Times*.

The inventor said that, according to their use, explosives were classified under two headings, namely, those for mining and those for military purposes, the latter being again classified into those for discharging and those for destructive purposes. "Shimose" belonged to the latter category, and was never used for the purpose of discharging shots. The explosive used by the European Powers for warlike purposes was gun-cotton. But manifold inconveniences attended the use of gun-cotton. For instance, when dried too much, it exploded even by slight friction. In order to prevent this danger, it was necessary to combine it with water to the extent of 20 per cent, in which case it burned with difficulty when ignited. But when the water exceeded 20 per cent, gun-cotton would not explode. Again, owing to possible evaporation, the water contained in gun-cotton did not maintain an equal quantity, making its safety unstable. Sometimes it would become mouldy, thus losing most of its explosive power, which could not then be easily restored. At present the most powerful explosive in the world was blasting-gelatin, which was used by Americans, though not for military purposes. It was far superior to gun-cotton in destructive power, and could be quite safely handled in ordinary times. One defect, however, of gelatin was its easy freezing. Frozen gelatin would explode from the slightest cause, and this fact made it unfit for military purposes. The "Shimose" explosive was very simply constituted, but it was sufficiently safe to be used by the Navy.

Continuing, Dr. Shimose said neither the falling of an iron hammer upon it, nor ignition, nor the firing of a bullet into it would cause his explosive to explode. In such cases it would burn like turpentine, but the fire would be extinguished by a cupful of water. Combined with a certain ingredient, it had sufficient explosive power for warlike purposes. Among the explosives in the world the American gelatin had the greatest destructive power; Shimose came next, gun-cotton and dynamite following in order. To illustrate the explosive power of Shimose, a small quantity placed upon an iron plate one or two inches thick, would, when exploded, perforate the plate for the area covered by the powder. At an experiment carried out at Kogenuma, a 6-inch Shimose shot was fired at a coal store protected with an armour plate similar to that of a certain cruiser. The shot made a hole of about three feet in diameter, whereas in the case of the ordinary shot the diameter of the hole was only 6 inches. It burst on contact with the plate, while the other exploded only when it had travelled about three feet after passing through the plate. The Shimose

shell was blown into two or three thousand pieces, while the other broke up only into two or three fragments. This tremendous power was testified to by the fact that more than 160 fragments of shell, the placing of one such fragment on a deck would mean the wounding of all the crew there. But the explosive was not intended for the killing of men but for the destruction of war-ships. One more noteworthy feature of the Shimose powder, concluded the doctor, was the fact that its cost was about half that of gun-cotton.—*Kobe Chronicle*.

THE S. S. "HAINUN."

According to the latest news by letter everything is quiet at Weihaiwei, reports the *Mercury*. The *Hainun* left Weihaiwei for some part of Korea on the 14th inst. She sent an experimental message to the Weihaiwei station the same evening from a distance of fifty miles. They were unable to return the message that evening from Weihaiwei as they had not got the instruments completed, but now, 16th inst., everything is ready and they were expecting to receive a message from her 100 miles away. It is to be hoped that this means of information will soon be in working order and that we shall be able to get news from Weihaiwei to Shanghai.

RUSSIA'S EXPENDITURE ON THE
SIBERIAN RAILWAY.

A report has been published by the Committee of the Siberian Railway for the ten years period from 1893 to 1903. It gives the official figures for the cost of constructing the Siberian Railway (not including the Manchurian Railway) a total distance of 6,665 versts. This was 42,350,902 roubles, or 64,864 roubles a verst. The cost is proportionate to the distance from Europe varying from 38,000 roubles a verst in the western section to 97,000 in the eastern. A further sum of 94,320,000 roubles, or 22,287 roubles a verst, was spent on improving and strengthening the line, and a sum of 2,000,575 roubles was spent on the unfinished and abandoned Amur line. The sum spent on the Eastern Chinese Railway (1,377 versts long) was 251,400,000 roubles, or 166,645 roubles a verst. On the improvement of the Amur navigation, the Ussuri line, &c., and the construction of the port of Vladivostok, the sum expended was 10,321,038 roubles, and on the construction of the port and harbour of Dalny 18,850,000 roubles. The total expenditure, however, amounted to 940,259,401 roubles on a total length of 9,042 versts, 103,687 roubles a verst. In the Russian Budget for the year the sum of 17,000,000 roubles is set down for the year the sum of 17,000,000 roubles is set down for the Baikal Ring Railway.

THE FINANCIAL OUTLOOK.

Naturally there is much speculation as to the effect of the war in the Far East upon finances in the various countries. One of the immediate effects is seen in increased purchases in the United States. Japanese supremacy on the sea naturally cuts Russia off from the markets of the Pacific. Japan, however, is free to purchase from us her foods and horses and mules for land operations. The rough and ready points of Oregon and North-western States, accustomed to mountain climbing, cold weather, and scant fare, seem to offer just what the Japanese cavalry need. These points can carry a Jap. soldier far and fast. Americans are not loaded up with either Russian or Japanese securities; in fact, the latter country is practically without a debt. In Europe, however, the case is different. Russia begins the war with a debt of more than 13,000,000,000 and her annual revenue by pensions exceeds her annual revenue by 300,000,000. The war in the East will be even more expensive than Great Britain's disastrous conquest in South Africa, because she must sacrifice on land and sea and subsidize her army at a great disadvantage.—*Ex*.

DECLARATION OF WAR.

In St. Petersburg efforts are being made to influence the popular mind against Japan by accusing her of barbarous action in thus commencing hostilities unannounced. There is, however, no absolute rule in the matter, and, so far as the practice of States goes, there are many more precedents for Japan than against her. The great international law authorities are divided on the subject. In the ancient Roman law a previous declaration of war was considered necessary and was made with religious formalities. In more modern times Grotius and Vattel give the weight of their authority to the opinion that a declaration of war to the enemy was required by justice and humanity. But still more recent authorities maintain that a declaration is not required by the law of nations, and that, though it may very properly be made, it cannot be demanded as a matter of right. A declaration to the enemy has, therefore, fallen into disuse, and the only declaration that is considered valid is one by the Sovereigns of the belligerent States to their own peoples. Most of the great wars of the nineteenth century began without a declaration, an exception being provided by the Turk when the Crimean War of 1854 started. But there was no formal declaration in the case of the Austro-Prussian War of 1866, or in the Franco-German War of 1870. In the case of the South African war there was no declaration of war by Britain, and till very late in the war no intimation to other States that the war was in progress. There, however, the combatants were not on the status of two Sovereign States, but of a Sovereign and a vassal State. That, at any rate, was the position taken by the British Government. A well-known military authority who has gone into the question of declarations of war states that there have been 170 outbreaks of hostilities between the years 1700-1870, and only in ten cases was a formal declaration issued before the war began.—*Ex*.

With regard to Japan's chances of success on land, a correspondent of *The Asian* gives the following interesting information:—"She has two great advantages in her favour, one is that her forces have a large number of 'old mous-taches' among them—if one can apply such terms to members of a nation that is singularly non-hirsute—and the other is the simplicity of her commissariat. Japan will have many veterans in her army who fought in her war of 1891, and to whom the rigors of the Korean and Manchurian winter are familiar. In the report of the Surgeon-General of the field hospitals some interesting details are given. The soldiers, besides being furnished with ordinary winter clothes, such as they would wear in the milder climate of Japan, were provided with a thick fur hood, a thick fur-lined overcoat, a flannel undershirt, knitted nap-lined gloves, and an additional blanket, while during the severest part of the winter a larger blanket was supplied for each to wear or lie upon. The standard food was 1 lb. of rice and 5 oz. of meat mixed with greens per day. While on the march, the men ate boiled rice and pickled plums, or, passed a day on a gruel of rice mixed with Indian corn. When spoils were taken, however, they had meat three times a day. If Europeans had to make such a campaign, it was calculated at the time half their number would be lost from change of climate, food and habitation. Japanese being more or less similar to Chinese and Koreans in race, food

and habits, the effect was not so disastrous, and the deaths from ordinary sickness were only at the rate of 2.9 per cent.

The initial torpedo adventure of the Japanese at Port Arthur makes it of particular interest at the moment to remember what Lord Charles Bessborough thought of that arm of the naval force of Japan after his visit to the great dockyard of Yokosuka in 1899. In that dockyard he found a large torpedo depot, with everything connected with torpedo warfare under one administration. "This," he said, "is an infinitely preferable plan to the torpedo warfare everything connected with the great dockyards." It is significant that it is the well-equipped force admired by one of our greatest authorities in naval efficiency which should be put first into action by the Japanese.

The Japanese Government some three months ago secured a number of field guns of the most up-to-date character. An agent of the Government recently purchased several guns of the Creusot-Schneider type and also some ordered by two States of Eastern Europe which had not been delivered. Two artificers from the firm went out with the guns to instruct the Japanese in handling them.

Following are telegrams to the N. C. D.

News:—

Tokio, 21st March. A financial understand-

ing between the Cabinet and the Parties in the

Diet has been satisfactorily completed.

The compromise arrived at includes the

abandonment of the salt monopoly and the

silk tax. The proposed land tax of 4.5 is to be

lowered to 4.3 per cent. The enhanced tobacco

monopoly is retained.

The House of Representatives to-morrow

will pass a vote of thanks to the Navy.

Marquis Ito was received in audience again

by the Emperor of Korea yesterday. The side

issues in Marquis Ito's mission include, a loan

to Korea of five million yen on liberal terms, and

an engagement of advisers for the

improvement of the Imperial Court. These

will probably be arranged. The Emperor will

give decorations to Marquis Ito and his suite.

All the members of the Yokohama Specie

Bank at Newchwang arrived at Shanghai by

the C. M. S. *Nanyin* from Tientsin on Sunday.

Official news has now reached the British

Admiral commanding on the China Station

from the Admiralty in London that the Russian

Government reports torpedoes laid in Kwan-

tung waters. The Admiral has issued an in-

struction that vessels wishing to approach land

or enter Port Arthur must stop five miles off,

hoist national colours and ask for pilot. This

notification probably refers to the submarine

mines first reported by Captain Harvey of the

C. E. and M. S. *Chingping*.

Japanese papers to hand give publicity to a

report that the Russian Government has sent

two submarines by rail to the Far East, one

for Vladivostok and one for Port Arthur. So

far as the naval annals show the Russian

navy has only one submarine, but others were

in process of building. There has been a

rumour, says the *Japan Times*, that a Russian

submarine "poked her nose above summer."

Captain Troubridge, British Naval Attaché,

is reported to have seen the whole of the

attack on Port Arthur on the 10th instant.

He describes the scene as being a magnificent

one. Nearly all the shells from the Japanese

war-ships took effect.

Count Oyeta and twenty other Japanese of-

ficers leave Vancouver for Yokohama on the

14th inst. by S.S. *Empress of India*.

A Kobe contemporary states that it is

believed that Prince Nashimoto is returning

from Paris incognito, travelling under the name

mentioned in this despatch, viz. Count Oyeta.

The *Forcedu* computes that the total amount

of coal not have been more than 200,000

tons and reckons that this will have been

almost used by now, thus rendering it im-

possible for the fleet to put to sea, even if it

were strong enough otherwise.

The *Hakui Maru*, says the *Japan Mail*,

has arrived at Shimoda with 22 wounded

Russians from Chemulpo and 82 sick Japanese.

The former have gone in to hospital at Ehime.

Seven of the Russians are severely wounded.

Two have had their legs amputated at the

thigh, and one has lost an arm. One of these

men is said to have had 160 wounds, from

which fact the minute shattering that a shell

undergoes from the Shimose explosive may be

inferred. In consideration of the kind treat-

ment shown by the Japanese towards these

wounded men, the Czar has donated 2,000 yen

to the Red Cross Society.

The Tartar General has recruited 6,000 men

in the neighbourhood of Moukden and intends

to organise fifteen camps of Infantry. Rifles

are to be borrowed from Director General

Sheng, Shanghai. Nearly 3,000 bandits are

in the Port Arthur and Dalny districts and they

are all hostile to the Russians. The latter tried

to bribe them; but their efforts were futile.

The Japanese have discovered that the

Varyag was struck by a torpedo in the fight at

Chemulpo.

The German community of Kobe have

subscribed 7,700 yen "to assist: charitable

efforts in Hingoo Ken in connection with the

present war."

COMMERCIAL.

Advices from Shanghai, dated 22nd inst., report business done:—Indo-Chinas at Tls. 624 cash, and Tls. 66 for July. Farnham, Boys at Tls. 141/149 for March and Tls. 146/145 for July. Chinese Engineering and Mining Co. at Tls. 6. Maatschappij at Tls. 282/285 cash, Tls. 285/287/288 for March, Tls. 290 for April, and Tls. 300/299 for June. Telephones at Tls. 66. Hotel des Colonies at Tls. 15. Astors at \$35.

FRIGHT.

Writing under date, 26th inst., Messrs. Lamke and Rogge, report:—

The volume of business transacted during the period under review has been somewhat smaller principally in consequence of a satisfied demand—at least for the time being—for steamers on monthly terms for Japanese account, but rates of freight for tripwise business are, on the whole, well maintained and a retrograde movement need hardly be feared.

There has been a fairly good demand from Saigon to this port in spite of the fact that the weak rice market locally; chartering has been done to a fair extent at rates ranging from 21 cents to 25 cents per picul, but the inquiry has once more been restricted to boats of handy size, only in one instance a somewhat larger carrier having "chipped in" at the reduced rate of 19 cents per picul. Shippers at Saigon are very reluctant as regards steamers of main very reluctant as regards steamers of main size, especially if without 'tween decks, they being afraid of damage by sweating. For Philippine ports, only a very moderate business has come on since at somewhat easier rates viz. 4 cents per picul and the demand has also been limited to small carriers. The grain market in the Philippines is said to be rather stagnant with gradually receding prices, and, unless there is an early change for the better, a further slight decline in freights is not unlikely.

Nothing else requiring special mention has transpired in the Southern market.

Anent Newchwang business, further chartering has been done at the last rate of 45 cents for Canton, four boats having been fixed on those terms. No advice seem to hand yet whether the ice has broken and whether any difficulty has been experienced in shipping produce, but definite news should now reach here at an early date.

No fresh coal charters have been effected locally from Japan ports, but a limited amount of chartering has been done in the North at slightly lower rates than heretofore, a weaker local coal market having been prohibitive to an advance in freights. Closing quotation is, for Singapore, \$3.25 per ton has been paid, but another charter is reported done in London at \$3.50 per ton.

On monthly terms, business has been restricted to the charters of two small carriers, and as already indicated, there is less demand at the moment.

Sail Freights:—The Rajang inquiry has been responded to by the fixing of the *Val de Doon*, 2 trips at \$8,500 each trip. Sail-tonnage loading or to load.—For Callao—Italian bark *Lothair*, arrived 12th January. British bark *Algon Bay* arrived 4th March from Hongkong.

Disengaged:—British 4-m. bark *Arrow* 2,971 tons, British 4-m. bark *Lyndhurst*, 2,249 tons.

Departures:—None.

TO-DAY'S EXCHANGE.

Selling.

London—Bank T.T. 1/9 1/2

Do. demand 9 9 1/2

Do. 4 months' sight 1/9 13 1/2

France—Bank T.T. 1/25

America—Bank T.T. 1/33

Germany—Bank T.T. 1/33

India T.T. 1/12

Do. demand 7 1/2

Shanghai—Bank T.T. 1/88 1/2

Japan—Bank T.T. Nominal

Singapore—Bank T.T. 1/108 1/2

Java—Bank T.T. 1/108 1/2

Buying.

4 months' sight L/C 1/9 15 1/2

6 months' sight L/C 1/10 1/16

30 days' sight San Francisco & New York 4 1/2

4 months' sight do 4 1/2

30 days' sight Sydney and Melbourne 1/10 3 1/2

4 months' sight France 2/30

6 months' sight " 2/31 1/2

6 months' sight Germany 1/87 1/2

Bar Silver 25 1/16

Bank of England rate 4 %

OPIMUM QUOTATIONS.

Shipping—Steamers.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LD.
AND
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAV. CO., LD.

JOINT SERVICES.

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING FOR ALL EUROPEAN,
NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICAN, WEST AUSTRALIAN, JAVA
AND SUMATRA PORTS.FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS FOR LONDON AND CONTINENT.
MONTHLY SAILINGS FOR LIVERPOOL.

OUTWARDS.

FROM	STEAMERS	DUE
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"OOPACK"	On 31st March.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"JASON"	On 5th April.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"ACHILLES"	On 10th April.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"ALCINOUS"	On 16th April.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"HYSON"	On 17th April.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"PROMETHEUS"	On 24th April.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"DEUCALION"	On 1st May.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"ULYSSES"	On 7th May.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"DARDANUS"	On 13th May.

HOMEWARDS.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
LONDON & ANTWERP	"PAKLING"	On 29th March.
LONDON & ANTWERP	"MACHAON"	On 12th April.
GENOA, MARSEILLES & L'POOL	"IDOMENEUS"	On 14th April.
LONDON & ANTWERP	"TELEMACHUS"	On 26th April.
LONDON & ANTWERP	"JASON"	On 10th May.
GENOA, MARSEILLES & L'POOL	"ACHILLES"	On 20th May.

* Taking Cargo for Liverpool at London Rates.

TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA, and all PACIFIC COAST PORTS, and NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.	"HYSON"	On 19th April.

S.S. "PING SUEY" will leave Victoria, B.C., for Japan and Hongkong on 24th March.

For Freight, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
AGENTS.

Hongkong, 28th March, 1904.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
SHANGHAI and TIENTSIN	"SHANGHAI"	29th March, at 4 p.m.
NINGPO and SHANGHAI	"HANGCHOW"	30th " "
SHANGHAI	"TIENTSIN"	1st April, " "
SWATOW and TIENTSIN	"CHIHKI"	7th " "
PORT DARWIN, THURSDAY ISLAND, COOKTOWN, CAIRNS, TOWNS- VILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE	"CHINGTU"	8th April.

* The Attention of Passengers is directed to the Superior Accommodation offered by these
steamers, which are fitted throughout with Electric Light. Unvalued table. A duly
qualified Surgeon is on board.

† Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
AGENTS.

Hongkong, 28th March, 1904.

Hongkong-Manila.

Highest Class, newest, fastest and most luxurious Steamers
between Hongkong and Manila.—Saloon amidships—Electric
Light—Perfect Cuisine—Surgeon and Stewardess carried.
—All the most up-to-date arrangements for comfort of
Passengers.CHINA AND MANILA
STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

Steamship.	Tons.	Captain.	For	Sailing Dates.
PERLA	1980	—	—	—
RUBI	2540	R. W. Almond	MANILA (DIRECT)	THURSDAY, 31st March, at 4 P.M.
ZAFIRO	2540	R. Rodger	MANILA (DIRECT)	SATURDAY, 9th April, at 10 A.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.
GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong, 28th March, 1904.

PORTLAND & ASIATIC STEAMSHIP CO.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG, via SHANGHAI, INLAND
SEA OF JAPAN, MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA,FOR
PORTLAND, OREGON,

OPERATING IN CONNECTION WITH

THE OREGON RAILROAD AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.

Steamship	Tons	Captain	To Sail
"INDRAVELLI"	4,899	R. P. Craven	April 24, 1904.
"INDRAPURA"	4,899	J. T. Horne	—
"INDRASAMHA"	5,197	W. E. Craven	—

Through Bills of Lading issued to Pacific Coast Ports and all Eastern, Canadian and
United States Ports. For through rates of Freight and further information, communicate
with or apply to

ALLAN CAMERON, General Agent.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "WING CHAI,"
Captain-SAMUEL BELL SMITH.DEPARTURES from Hongkong, on Week
Days, at 7.30 A.M.; on Excursion Sundays,
at 8.30 A.M.; from Macao, Week Days at about
3 P.M. and Sundays about 7.30 P.M.FARE:—(Week Days) 1st Class (including
cabin and servant), \$3; Return Ticket, \$5.
2nd Class, \$1; 3rd Class, 50 cents.On Excursion Sundays, 1st and 2nd Class
Single Ticket, \$2; Return Ticket, \$3. Return
Ticket including Tiffin and Dinner either on
Board or at Macao Hotel, \$5. On Sundays,
\$5 extra will be charged for each cabin with
accommodations for two or more passengers.WHARF—At the Western end of Wing Lok
Street.The Steamer runs an Excursion Trip EVERY
SUNDAY. It takes only 3½ hours to reach
Macao.F. MING ON & CO.,
2nd Floor, No. 10, Victoria Street.

Hongkong, 9th January, 1904.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

THE British Steamship

"YING KING,"

Captain Ramsey, of 1,088 tons, Registered, is
the newest, fastest, and most luxuriously fur-
nished steamer on the line and is fitted
throughout with Electricity; hot and cold water
service. The cuisine is unexcelled.Leaving Hongkong every MONDAY,
WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY EVENING,
at 9 P.M. and returning from Canton every
following evening at 5 P.M.1st Class, \$3.00 for Single Journey.
2nd " 1.50 " " "
Meals 1.00 each.The steamer's wharf is at the Western end
of Wing Lok Street.YUK ON S.S. CO., LD.,
No. 216, Wing Lok Street.

Hongkong, 9th March, 1904.

Shipping—Steamers.

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY,
LIMITED.

AUSTRALIAN LINE.

REDUCTION IN PASSAGE RATES,
From 1st January, 1904.ALSO REDUCED FARES TO
MANILA AND RETURN.STEAMERS fitted throughout with Electric
Light, First Class Accommodation. Un-
rivalled Table. Duly qualified Surgeon carried.BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.

Hongkong, 1st February, 1904.

MESSAGERIES CANTONNAISES.

J. TREVoux & CO.

HONGKONG-CANTON NIGHTLY
SERVICE.

THE Commodious Steamer

"PAUL BEAU,"

Captain Frangeul, leaves Hongkong for Canton
at 9 P.M., on SUNDAYS, TUESDAYS and
THURSDAYS, returning to Hongkong the
following Days, leaving Canton at 5 P.M., taking
Passengers and Cargo as usual.The S.S. "CHARLES HARDOUN,"
Captain Noel, leaves Hongkong on MON-
DAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at
the usual hour.These Two Magnificent and Up-to-Date
Steamers, are lighted with Electricity.

The Saloon is under European Supervision.

First Class European \$5.00

Second Class European 3.00

First Class Chinese 1.50

Second Class Chinese80

Deck30

The Company's Wharf is at the end of Queen
Street, Praya West.

For further Particulars, apply to

J. LANDOLT, Agent,
THE PHARMACY, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1904.

STEAM TO CANTON.

THE New Twin Screw Steamers

Tons Captain

"KWONG CHOW" 1,309 J. P. MARTIN.

"KWONG TUNG" 1,338 H. W. WALKER.

Leave Hongkong for Canton at 8.30 Every
Evening (Saturday excepted).Leave Canton for Hongkong about 5 o'clock
Every Evening (Sunday excepted).There Fine New Steamers have unexcelled
Accommodation for First Class Passengers and
are lit throughout by Electricity.

Passage Fare—Single Journey \$4

Meals (Each) 1

The Company's Wharf is a Short Distance
West of the Harbour Masters Office.SHU ON S.S. CO., LD., and
YUEN ON S.S. CO., LD.,
No. 8, Queen's Road West.

Hongkong, 17th February, 1904.

STEAMSHIP SERVICE TO NEW YORK
via SUEZ CANAL.

(With liberty to call at Philippine Ports.)

THE Steamship

"KENNEBEC"

Captain Geo. R. Wallace, will be despatched as
above on or about MONDAY, the 28th
instant.For Freight or further information, apply to
STANDARD OIL COMPANY
OF NEW YORK,
Oriental Freight Department.

Hongkong, 21st March, 1904.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND FOCHOW.

THE Company's Steamship

"HAITAN"

Captain Roach, will be despatched for the
above Ports, TO-MORROW, the 29th instant,
at 11 A.M.For Freight or Passage apply to
DOUGLAS, LAIRRAK & CO.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 28th March, 1904.

THE CHINA AND MANILA STEAM-
SHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR KOBE (DIRECT).

THE Company's Steamship

"PERLA,"

Captain A. H. Notley, will be despatched for
the above Port, TO-MORROW, 29th instant, at
4 P.M.This Steamer has Superior Accommodation
for Passengers and is fitted with Electric Light.For Freight or Passage, apply to
SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 28th March, 1904.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION
COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR MANILA.

THE Company's Steamship

"LOONGSANG,"

Captain G. S. Weigall, will be despatched as
above on WEDNESDAY, the 30th instant, at
4 P.M.This Steamer has Superior Accommodation
for First Class Passengers, and is fitted through-
out with Electric Light, and carries a Doctor.For Freight or Passage, apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1904.

REGULAR STEAMSHIP SERVICE
TO NEW YORK,
via PORTS AND SUEZ CANAL
(With liberty to call at PHILIPPINE PORTS).

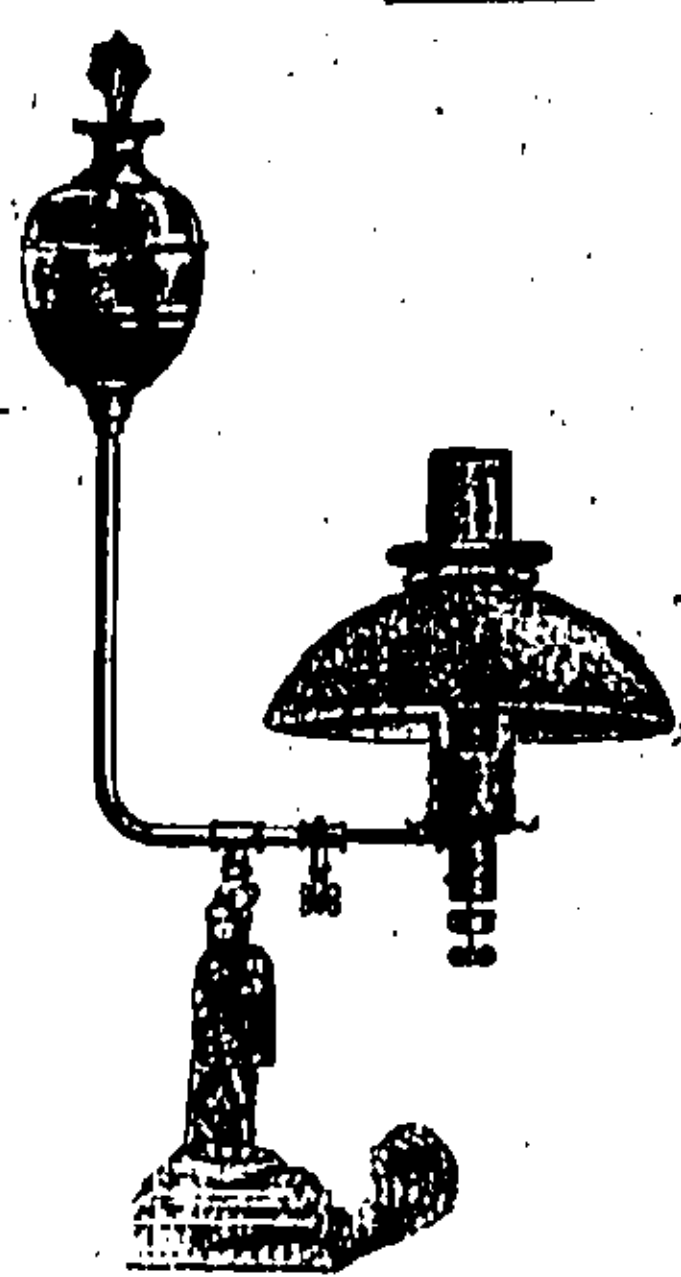
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

1904.

About
"SAINT IRENE" 29th April.
For Freight and further information, apply
toDODWELL & Co., LIMITED,
Agents,
Hongkong, 26th March, 1904.

For Sale.

FOR SALE

INCANDE-
SCENT,
Gasoline,
Lamps of all
descriptions
from the best
makers.Incandescent
Lamps,
Chandeliers,
Globes, Sha-
des, etc., for
Gasoline and
Gas Lamps
at the most
moderate
prices.Lamps fixed
up for Buyers
free of charge.Naphtha of
the best kind
kept in stock.

TAI KWONG CO.,

55, Lyndhurst Terrace.

Hongkong, 17th November, 1903.

Intimations.

LEVY HERMANOS.

DIAMOND MERCHANTS, JEWEL-
LERS AND WATCHMAKERS.

EASTMAN'S

KODAKS AND FILMS.

Sole Agents for "OMEGA" WATCHES.

"OMEGA" is the best, "THREE YEARS"

guarantee given to every purchaser.

40, QUEEN'S ROAD,
Watson's Building.

F. BLACKHEAD & CO.,

SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS,
COAL AND PROVISION MER-
CHANTS, NAVAL CONTRACTORS
AND GENERAL COMMISSION
AGENTS.16, DES VŒUX ROAD CENTRAL,
HONGKONG.

SOAP AND SODA MANUFACTURERS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

HARTMANN'S RAHTIEN'S GENUINE

COMPOSITION RED HAND

AND HARTMANN'S GREY PAINT,

DANIEL'S PATENT MOTOR

LAUNCHES,
AC., AC.

Sole Agents for

FERGUSON'S SPECIAL CREAM

and

SPECIAL LIQUOR SCOTCH

WHISKY, &c.

EVERY KIND OF

SHIPS STORES AND REQUISITES

ALWAYS IN STOCK

AT

REASONABLE PRICES.

Hongkong, 15th December, 1903.

[E]

THE AMERICAN SYSTEM

OF

DENTISTRY.

DR. M. H. CHAUN,

27, DES VŒUX ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG,

From the University of Pennsylvania, U.S.A.

Hongkong, 2nd January, 1904.

[58]

DENTISTRY.

SUI SANG,

(Lately Practising with Dr. I. SAKATA),

DENTIST,

No. 26, Connaught Road Central.

Hongkong, 9th February, 1904.

[57]

TSU FAN

DENTIST.

PRICE MODERATE—CONSULTATION FREE.

Next to the Hongkong Dispensary,
50, Queen's Road, Central.

Hongkong, 5th January, 1904.

[56]

AN APPEAL.

THE SUPERIORESS OF THE ITALIAN

CONVENT, CAINE ROAD, begs most
respectfully to APPEAL to the Residents of
Hongkong and the Coast Ports, for their kind
patronage and support, and desires to state that
she will be pleased to receive orders for all kinds
of NEEDLE WORK.Gentlemen's Shirts made to order, and Cuffs
and Collars renewed on old ones.Ladies and Children's Under-clothing, Children's
Dresses, and all kinds of Embroidery,
Materials can be supplied, if required.The Superiores will also be most grateful
for any PAPER, or old ENVELOPES to be made
into Books for the Children of the Poor Schools,
who are taught by the Sisters

Hongkong, 22nd April 1904

[55]

SAVARESSE'S

SANDAL

CAPSULES

Not made of Guttaloe, most efficacious, because
absolutely pure English Oil

Full directions. All Chemists.

Inlet on Savarasse's.

NOTICE.

THE Public are hereby informed that no
change has been made in the Rates of
Subscription to the Hongkong Telegraph and
they are warned against paying more than
TEN CENTS (10 cts.) per Single Copy.THE MANAGER,
Hongkong Telegraph Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, 30th September, 1903.

Intimation.

THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH.

1, ICE HOUSE ROAD,
HONGKONG.

CABLE ADDRESS.—Telegraph, Hongkong.

THE leading English Newspaper in China

Also widely circulated in Japan, Ceylon

China, Ceylon, India and the Far East

generally.

A daily newspaper with weekly edition

published for despatch by the homeward mail

The daily is recommended as more generally

suitable, except for subscribers in Europe or

America.

A special feature is made of full and accu-
rate reports of local occurrences, and of mat-
ters of general interest.

ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT.

The Hongkong Telegraph is the best

medium for advertising in China. It circulates

largely among all classes of the community,

is the largest daily newspaper and has a

wider circulation than any journal in the Far

East.

Special attention given to effectively display-
ing advertisements.The type used as a standard for setting
advertisements is similar to this, unless we are
instructed to display the advertisement, when
any effective style of type will be adoptedThis standard runs exactly eight lines to the
inch, and about eight words to the line.

ADVERTISEMENTS RATES.

(per inch.)

One week \$ 2.85

One month 7.20

Two months 13.00

Three " 20.00

Six " 37.50

Twelve " 73.00

No charge less than one dollar.

Discount allowed on—

3 Months Contracts 5 per cent.

6 " 10 "

12 " 25 "

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

Notices of Births, Deaths, and Marriages

Shipping.

Arrivals.
 Glenturret, Br. s.s., 3,012, R. Webster, 26th Mar.—Singapore 19th Mar, Gen.—McG. B. & Gow.
 Tydeus, Br. s.s., 4,799, M. H. Flood-Jackson, 27th Mar.—Tacoma via Japan Ports 21st Feb, Nagasaki 23rd Mar, Gen.—B. & S.
 Foo Shing, Br. s.s., 1,424, T. Anhur, 27th Mar.—Mojito 21st Mar, Gen.—J. M. & Co.
 Triumph, Ger. s.s., 769, Hansen, 26th Mar.—Amoy 24th Mar, Gen.—O. S. K.
 Haitan, Br. s.s., 1,183, L. S. Roach, 27th Mar.—Swatow 26th Mar, Gen.—D. L. & Co.
 Rubi, Br. s.s., 1,611, R. W. Almond, 26th Mar.—Manila 12th Mar, Gen.—S. T. & Co.
 Rajaburi, Ger. s.s., 1,180, J. Wendig, 27th Mar.—Jiang ok 24th Mar, Rice.—B. & S.
 Medan, Ger. s.s., 600, O. Stobber, 27th Mar.—Singapore 18th Mar, Gen.—Order.
 Binandi, Am. s.s., 273, Diego de Alamin, 27th Mar.—Iloilo 21st Sugar.—C. H. O. D. & Co.
 Linan, Br. s.s., 1,333, C. C. William, 27th Mar.—Chinkiang and Wuhu 23rd Mar, Gen.—B. & S.
 Meelo, Ch. s.s., 1,321, J. Whenland 26th Mar.—Shanghai 22nd Mar, Gen.—C. M. S. N. Co.
 Loongmoon, Ger. s.s., 1,245, F. Kalkofen, 26th Mar.—Canton 25th Mar, Gen.—S. & Co.

Clearances at the Harbour Office.
 Chiyeun, for Shanghai.
 Yingking, for Canton.
 Meelo, for Canton.
 Shant, for Shanghai.
 Wingchit, for Macao.
 Haitan, for Hoihow.

Departures.
 Mar. 27.
 Haitan, for Hoihow.
 Woosung, for Shanghai.
 Sailing, for Swatow.
 Salford, for Japan.

Mar. 28.
 Hong Wan I, for Amoy.
 E-sang, for Shanghai.
 Suen, for Kobe.
 Chiyeun, for Shanghai.
 Chiyeun, for Singapore.
 Pranto, for Chiofu.
 Koseley, for Nagasaki.
 Koseley, for Swatow.
 Centurion, H.M.S. battleship, for Misa Bay.
 Ocean, H.M.S. battleship, for Misa Bay.
 Amphitrite, Br. cruiser, for Misa Bay.
 Albatross, Br. cruiser, for Misa Bay.
 Albatross, Br. cruiser, for Misa Bay.
 Albatross, Br. cruiser, for Misa Bay.
 Albatross, Br. cruiser, for Misa Bay.

Passengers arrived.
 Per Haitan, from Swatow—Mrs. Prokoger, Mrs. Schipper, Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy, Messrs. Tan Liak, W. O. Pegg and Gosewisch and two children.
 Per Rajaburi, from Bangkok—Mr. and Mrs. Frege and child.
 Per Rubi, from Manila—Mr. and Mrs. McPherson, Mr. and Mrs. Jenks, Mr. and Mrs. Stephens, Mr. and Mrs. Rhode and child, Mr. and Mrs. Webb, Mr. and Mrs. Kirland, Misses G. G. Knights, Mary B. Crane, S. C. Knight, Carmen Mendoza, Schall, J. Bousquet, Capt. Howe, Mrs. H. C. Stuntz, and W. Eastlake, J. Lieut. Comdr. F. W. Coffins, Messrs. P. Nagel, J. Kyburg, C. S. Reimold, Geo. M. Palmer, Reed, Burke, Credale, H. S. Boushail, Wm. Waters, F. Mendoza, F. M. Monni, Bancroft, R. W. Lambeth, Felix Hoosen, H. L. Finlay, Moody, C. J. Andrus, Credale, A. Kuenale, Chas. F. Palmer, J. Morrison, A. Crossman and Shaw Rong.

Passengers departed.
 Per Zofra, for Manila—Mr. and Mrs. Felix Faule, Master F. S. Faule, Messrs. P. Sanz, C. E. Rommel, D. P. Caria, Chas. Cupider, O. Guanco, D. Crevier, P. Piniola, G. Kater, V. Catco, C. Chu U Co, D. Chio U Co Mr. and Mrs. Apostol, Messrs. C. Biagi, C. Chianci, V. Prie, P. Quinco, C. J. Chavis Capt. and Mrs. Chas Kaller, Miss Ira Kaller, Mrs. C. E. Freeman, Messrs. C. Ponco, Lewis, C. Grant, A. Reyes, T. Smithers, M. Sevilla, M. Valeriano, Miss Magdalena, M. Valeriano, Mr. B. H. Macke, F. R. Beanas, Messrs. I. Sidico, C. Camar, A. Bode, Chas Tucker, J. Tie, T. C. Noie, M. G. Revela, T. K. Troise, A. Shoon, L. Frithjof, S. Chake, P. O. Niel, L. C. Brent, L. Ching, Mrs. B. E. Harris, Messrs. C. T. Lunstein, C. Wn Chien, H. L. Knight, G. W. Brydges, K. Brown, Mrs. S. E. Brown, Messrs. A. Sim, J. J. Bardsley, C. M. Jenki, W. F. Ryan, E. Rothenberg, Mrs. Touie Matsuo, Mr. Capt. T. M. Wakefield Messrs. G. Nyder, D. Ferando, L. Bon co, S. Holingsworth, A. J. Francis Miss McCann Messrs. A. M. Davies, R. P. Yates J. U. Van Senber, D. W. Brittings, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Green, Miss M. Jamieson, Messrs. J. G. Remy, D. B. McComb D. E. Towels, C. D. Whipple, E. L. Watson, D. L. Babcock, C. E. Bealy, I. B. Nutter, J. E. Corley, P. E. Hemmel, H. U. Whitford, E. Basch and A. F. Thane.

Hongkong & Whampoa Dock Returns.
 Ellen Rickmers at Kowloon Dock
 Hanoi
 H.M.S. Algerine
 Lin Tan
 H.I.G.M.S. Moewe
 Tremont
 H.M.S. Glory
 Kashang
 Tak Hing
 H.M.S. Otter Cosmopolitan
 Signal Aberdeen

Shipping Report.

Str. *Lina* from Chinkiang: Light variable winds to calm, with dense fog.
 Str. *Haitan* from Swatow: Light Ely winds, foggy weather, and smooth sea throughout.
 Str. *Medan* from Singapore: Boisterous, later moderating, Ely winds in d sen
 Str. *Rubi* from Manila: Light Nly winds, smooth sea and fine clear weather through-
 Str. *Tydeus* from Tacoma, etc.: Nagasaki Breaker Point moderate S.W. winds, over-
 cast sky and smooth sea, thence to port light winds and th ck fog.

Str. *Fooshing* from Moji: There to Turnabout moderate variable winds, hazy weather and smooth sea, thence to port moderate winds, foggy weather, and smoo h sea.
 Str. *Rajaburi* from Bangkok: There to Pulo Obifine weather, thence to Padaran strong N.E. monsoon with high sea, thence to port fine weather, with light winds and N.E. swell.

Steamers Expected.

Vessels	From	Agents	Due
Preussen	Japan	M. & Co.	Mar. 29
Lightning	Singapore	D. S. & Co.	Mar. 29
Glenarvey	Singapore	McG. & G.	Mar. 30
Prinz Heinrich	Singapore	M. & Co.	Mar. 30
Doric	San Francisco	P. M. & Co.	April 4
Athenian	Japan	C. P. R. Co.	April 4
Annam	Singapore	M. & Co.	April 4
Hangsang	Singapore	J. M. & Co.	April 5
Indravelli	Portland	P. & A.	April 13
E. of India	Vancouver	C. P. R. Co.	April 13
Siberia	San Francisco	P. M. & Co.	April 17

Vessels in Port.

STRANERS.
Amara, Br. s.s., 1,565, C. J. Mattock, 26th Mar.—Saigon 21st Mar, Rice and Flour.—I. M. & Co.
Anamba, Dan. s.s., 1,132, P. Cortsen, 26th Mar.—Bangkok 19th Mar, Rice.—Order.
Hatavia, Ger. s.s., 7,100, Dempfoll, 12th Mar.—Mojito 7th Mar, Coal.—H. A. L.
Benader, Br. s.s., 1,933, C. K. McIntosh, 25th Mar.—Singapore 18th Mar, Gen.—G. L. & Co.
China, Am. s.s., 3,186, D. E. Friele, 26th Mar.—San Francisco and Shanghai Mails and Gen.—P. M. S. Co.
Daphne, Ger. s.s., 1,290, Schipper, 14th Mar.—Samarang 5th Mar, Sugar.—E. A. T. Co.
Derawongse, Ger. s.s., 1,050, Kumpel, 24th Mar.—Bangkok 17th Mar, Rice.—B. & S.
Emma Iuyken, Ger. s.s., 1,110, Martens, 24th Mar.—Saigon 17th Mar, Rice and Flour.—E. A. T. Co.
Empress of China, Br. s.s., 3,046, Archibald, R.N.R., 16th Mar.—Vancouver, B.C., 23rd Feb, and Shanghai 14th Mar, Mails and Gen.—C. P. R. Co.
Fausang, Br. s.s., 1,410, Mitchell, 23rd Mar.—Mojito 17th Mar, Coal.—J. M. & Co.
Gaea, Ger. s.s., 625, H. Dahl, 25th Mar.—Saigon 20th Mar, Rice and Flour.—Chinese.
Hinsang, Br. s.s., 1,433, W. E. Sawyer, 23rd Mar.—Mojito 18th Mar, Coal.—J. M. & Co.
Kashing, Br. s.s., 1,433, Brown, 18th Mar.—Tientsin and Chiofu 12th Mar, Gen.—B. & S.
Loongsang, Br. s.s., 1,091, G. S. Weigall, 26th Mar.—Manila 23rd Mar, Gen.—J. M. & Co.
Loyal, Ger. s.s., 1,231, Buhnmann, 26th Mar.—Sourabaya 14th Mar, Sugar.—Order.
Mausang, Br. s.s., 1,644, S. J. Payne, 25th Mar.—Sandakan 19th Mar, Timber and Gen.—J. M. & Co.
Monmouthshire, Br. s.s., 3,296, Vyvyan, 25th Mar.—London 6th Feb, Gen.—S. & Co.
Nicomedia, Ger. s.s., 2,800, A. Wagner, 21st Mar.—Manila 15th Mar, Gen.—H. A. L.
Paknam, Ger. s.s., 2,054, A. Denker, 21st Mar.—Bangkok 13th Mar, Rice.—B. & S.
Perla, Br. s.s., 1,287, A. H. Nottley, 24th Mar.—Kob and Moji 19th, Gen.—S. T. & Co.
Shansi, Br. s.s., 1,228, J. G. Carnaghan, 23rd Mar.—Cebu and Iloilo 18th Mar, Sugar and Gen.—B. & S.
Signal, Ger. s.s., 907, A. Bendixen, 24th Mar.—Mojito 18th Mar, Coal.—J. M. & Co.
Suisang, Br. s.s., 1,776, J. Young, 22nd Mar.—Calcutta 3rd Mar, Gen.—I. C. S. N. Co.
Talbot, Br. cruiser, 5,026, Bazly, 23rd Mar.—Practice.
Tremont, Am. s.s., 6,195, Garlick, 19th Mar.—Manila 15th Mar, Hemp.—D. & Co., Ltd.
Tsinan, Br. s.s., 1,023, Mitchell, 29th Feb.—Saigon 25th Feb, Rice and Meal.—J. M. & Co.
Tyr, Nor. s.s., 1,718, D. L. Danielsen, 21st Mar.—Mojito 15th Mar, Coal.—S. W. & Co.
Vale of Doon, Sarawack bq., 659, Wesmeier, 24th Mar.—Rajang, N.W. Borneo 18th Feb, Timber.—S. W. & Co.
Wongkoi, Ger. s.s., 1,115, W. Reher, 25th Mar.—Bangkok 19th Mar, Rice.—B. & S.

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.
 March 28th, 1904, a.m.
 Bar. Th. Hu. Wind W.

Vladivostok 7 a.m.	30.31	—	0	—
Nemuro 6 a.m.	30.21	SE	8	—
Hakodate 7 a.m.	30.10	NW	6	—
Tokio 7 a.m.	29.87	E	4	—
Kochi 7 a.m.	29.75	NE	14	—
Nagasaki 7 a.m.	29.75	NE	14	—
Kagoshima 7 a.m.	29.88	N	4	—
Oshima 7 a.m.	29.83	N	4	—
Naha 7 a.m.	29.93	E	2	—
Shikajima 7 a.m.	29.95	E	4	—
Taichu 7 a.m.	29.91	N	2	—
Tainan 7 a.m.	29.91	N	2	—
Koshun 7 a.m.	29.93	N	6	—
Pescadore 7 a.m.	30.10	SE	2	—
Wei-hai-wei 9 a.m.	30.19	SE	3	—
Guilford 7 a.m.	29.93	SE	1	—
Sharp Peak 7 a.m.	30.03	SE	1	—
Amoy 7 a.m.	29.97	SE	1	—
Swatow 7 a.m.	29.94	SE	1	—
Canton 7 a.m.	29.95	SE	1	—
Hongkong 7 a.m.	29.95	SE	1	—
Victoria Peak 7 a.m.	29.93	SE	1	—
Gap Rock 7 a.m.	29.91	SE	1	—
Haiphong 7 a.m.	29.91	SE	1	—
Bacled 7 a.m.	29.93	SE	1	—
Iloilo 7 a.m.	29.93	SE	1	—
Cebu 7 a.m.	29.93	SE	1	—
C. St. James 10 a.m.	29.93	SE	1	—

Post Office.

A Mail will close for—
 Canton—Per *Kishan*, 29th Mar, 7.30 A.M.
 Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per *Haitan*, 29th Mar, 10 A.M.
 Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, (B.C.) and Tacoma—Per *Tremont*, 29th Mar, 11 A.M.
 Namao—Per *Taichu*, 29th Mar, 5 P.M.
 Sanbue—Per *Hai Fu*, 29th Mar, 5 P.M.
 Macao—Per *Wingchit*, 29th Mar, 5 P.M.
 Canton—Per *Manhwa*, 29th Mar, 5 P.M.
 Swatow and Shanghai—Per *Kwongsang*, 29th Mar, 5 P.M.
 Macao—Per *Hungshan*, 29th Mar, 1.15 P.M.
 Shanghai—Per *Loongmoon*, 29th Mar, 2 P.M.
 Kobe—Per *Perla*, 29th Mar, 3 P.M.
 Shanghai and Tientsin—Per *Shansi*, 29th Mar, 3 P.M.
 Canton—Per *Fatshan*, 30th Mar, 7.30 A.M.
 Europe, &c., India, via Tutuorin—Per *Preussen*, 30th Mar, 10.45 A.M.
 Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria and Vancouver, B.C.—Per *Empress of China*, 30th Mar, 10.45 A.M.
 Singapore, Penang and Calcutta—Per *Suisang*, 30th Mar, 2 P.M.
 Ningpo and Shanghai—Per *Hungchow*, 30th Mar, 3 P.M.
 Canton—Per *Honam*, 30th Mar, 5 P.M.
 Canton—Per *Hankow*, 31st Mar, 7.30 A.M.
 Manila—Per *Loongsang*, 31st Mar, 3 P.M.
 Canton—Per *Powan*, 31st Mar, 5 P.M.
 Canton—Per *Honam*, 31st Mar, 5 P.M.
 Shanghai—Per *Tientsin*, 1st April, 3 P.M.
 Canton—Per *Kishan*, 1st April, 5 P.M.
 Canton—Per *Powan*, 2nd April, 7.30 A.M.
 Manila—Per *Rubi*, 2nd April, 9 A.M.
 Canton—Per *Fatshan*, 3rd April, 9 A.M.
 Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulu and San Francisco—Per *China*, 5th April, 3 P.M.
 Swatow and Tientsin—Per *Chihli*, 7th April, 3 P.M.
 Manila—Per *Zofra*, 9th April, 9 A.M.
 Europe, &c., India, via Tutuorin—Per *Ballaarat*, 9th April.

Ships Passed the Canal.

Outward—20th February—*Frankly*, 24th February—*Renader*, 15th March—*Caithness*, 15th March—*Artemisia*, 15th March—*Ospack*, 15th March—*Artemisia*, 15th March—*Sikh*, 15th March—*Formosa*, 15th March—*Prinz Jason*, 15th March—*Achilles*, 15th March—*Wurzburg*, 15th March—*Raguelum*, 15th March—*Louis*, 15th March—*Kelvin*, 15th March—*Meridion*, 15th March—*Standard*, 15th March—*Kilda*, 15th March—*Voronej*, 15th March—*huel*, 15th March—*Lyson*, 15th March—*Nes*, 15th March—*Orange*, 15th March—*Thyrn*, 15th March—*Strasbourg*, 15th March—*Palma*, 15th March.
 Homeward—9th February—*Nurnberg*, 12th February—*Bayern*, 20th February—*Flintshire*, 20th February—*Rosely*, 24th February—*Hudson*, 12th March—*Denbighshire*, 12th March—*Glenloch*, 12th March—*Glenshiel*, 12th March—*Yarra*, 12th March—*Alcinous*, 12th March—*Kintuck*, 12th March—*Home*, 9th February—*Prometheus*, 12th February—*Kiautschou*, 12th February—*Dardanus*, 12th February—*Cydonia*, 24th February—*Calch*, 12th February—*Yangtze*, 12th February—*Glenroy*, 12th February—*Japan*, 8th March—*Pyrhus*, 7th March—*Georgian Prince*, 12th March—*Ernest*, 12th March—*Simons*, 12th March—*Artemisia*, 12th March—*Lower Castle*, 12th March—*Vindobona*, 12th March—*Yarra*, 12th March—*Nestor*, 25th March—*Gera*, 12th March.

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Vladivostok 7 a.m.	30.31	—	0	—
Nemuro 6 a.m.	30.21	SE	8	—
Hakodate 7 a.m.	30.10	NW	6	—
Tokio 7 a.m.	29.87	E	4	—
Kochi 7 a.m.	29.75	NE	14	—
Nagasaki 7 a.m.	29.75	NE	14	—
Kagoshima 7 a.m.	29.88	N	4	—
Oshima 7 a.m.	29.83	N	4	—
Naha 7 a.m.	29.93	E	2	—
Shikajima 7 a.m.	29.95	E	4	—
Taichu 7 a.m.	29.91	N	2	—
Tainan 7 a.m.	29.91	N	2	—
Koshun 7 a.m.	29.93	N	6	—
Pescadore 7 a.m.	30.10	SE	2	—
Wei-hai-wei 9 a.m.	30.19	SE	3	—
Guilford 7 a.m.	29.93	SE	1	—
Sharp Peak 7 a.m.	30.03	SE	1	—
Amoy 7 a.m.	29.97	SE	1	—
Swatow 7 a.m.	29.94	SE	1	—
Canton 7 a.m.	29.95	SE	1	—
Hongkong 7 a.m.	29.95	SE	1	—
Victoria Peak 7 a.m.	29.93	SE	1	—
Gap Rock 7 a.m.	29.91	SE	1	—
Haiphong 7 a.m.	29.91	SE	1	—
Bacled 7 a.m.	29.93	SE	1	—
Iloilo 7 a.m.	29.93	SE	1	—
Cebu 7 a.m.	29.93	SE	1	—
C. St. James 10 a.m.	29.93	SE	1	—

VISITORS AT THE HOTELS.

CONNAUGHT.
 Bell, J. Mrs. Kempthorne, A. S.
 Bell, J. F. McKillings, H. G.
 Boyce, W. B. Moor, Geo. A.
 Christie, Mr. & Mrs. D. Newborn, R. H.
 Cronin, John Cleagato, G.
 Davis, F. O. Plesgan, A. V.
 Dufour, Mrs. H. Rees, G. C.
 Dulot, Mme. Roberts, A. G.
 Eyre, Mr. & Mrs. H. Robertson, W. R.
 Fernandes, J. Ruerford, N. H.
 Harris, J. D. Swaby, Thomas C.
 Hayter, L. Trimham, N. S. P.
 Hayter, L. G. Wakeman, G. H.
 Heckford, R. G. Williams, W. H.
 Helme, E. B. Young, W. R.
 Howard, E.

HONGKONG.

Anderson, Mr. Kennedy, E. J.
 Andrews, C. J. Kingsford, Mr.
 Black, Mr. & Mrs. Kirkwood, Miss
 Bates, E. J. Kuenzie, A.
 Boygan, Mr. & Mrs. R. Labelle, H. J.
 Bonner, E. A. Leggett, E. A.
 Bonnet, F. Lewis, A. R.
 Borthwick, Mrs. R. W. Lewis, J. H.
 Brown, Major Baker Macgowan, R. J.
 Brown, W. S. Marriott, Dr. C.
 Buck, Hart Mast, Sidney
 Clark, W. G. Mast, Mr. & Mrs. E.
 Clover, A. M. McAnan, T. P.
 Cobbs, T. F. McLacklan, A.
 Coffin, J. W. Meikle, Mr. & Mrs. E.
 Colegrove, R. Mengi, T. M.
 Colson, F. S. Miller, P. L.
 Cotton, Miss Milton, U.S.N. Comdr.
 Coulson, C. H. Moody, R. N., Com. C. S.
 Cowden, Mrs. A. R. Moore, J. H.
 Crysdale, Miss K. Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. E. O.
 Davies, Mrs. J. T. Nagel, P. A.
 Dean, G. B. Newington, A. G.
 Debyshire, J. H. North, C. J.
 Douglas, Capt. & Mrs. J. Osborn, Mrs. F.
 Downing, J. C. Paget, A. R.
 Dowson, A. Parfitt, W.
 Eastlake, Dr. W. Paine, Mr. & Mrs. J. A.
 Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. A. Perkins, C. B.
 Farlow, Mrs. G. A. Pike, R. N., Lt. & Mrs. G.
 Farquharson, W. Potter, A. G.
 Fisher, H. G. Potter, W. H.
 Fox, H. H. Rosenthal, H. S.
 Freeman, Mrs. C. E. Rettig, Mr. and Mrs.
 Glover, C. Rodman, Lt. Comdr.
 Grant, A. W. Sayle, R. T. D.
 Grant, L. C. Schmidt, W. E.
 Grisdold, Mrs. E. Scidmore, Miss E. R.
 Hall, Capt. T. Simmers, Mr. and Mrs.
 Hamblin, J. H. Skott, C.
 Hamersley, B. F. Somerville, Geo.
 Hancock, F. Stanley, H. H.
 Harman, B. Stuart, Capt. and Mrs.
 Haughton, W. B. Leslie C.
 Hayton, J. T. Swann, G.
 Hemans, H. K. Thomas, C. B.
 Hooper, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas, H. T.
 Hudg, D. Thoresen, O.
 Hughes, Comdr. Town, A. A.
 Icely, Rev. F. Vernon, Mr. and Mrs. J.
 Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. Whitton, Mrs. A. M.
 A. W. Wise, Mr. and Mrs. J.
 Jenkin Mr. & Mrs. T. F. Joseph, Mr. and Mrs. Wolff, Philip
 E. S. Woolmer, Mr. & Mrs.
 Katsch, E. A. Wright, Mr. and Mrs.
 Kyberg, J. C. G.
 Kempfer, E.

KING EDWARD.

Baker, Dr. C. J. Muelle, Ed. (Consul for Peru)
 Brown, Mrs. S. E. Montagnier, H. F.
 Brown, Kensett Ough, Mr. & Mrs. A. H.
 Carter, H. B. Rays, W.
 Daves, Mr. and Mrs. A. Rose, Mr. & Mrs. T. J.
 Jurriaanse, Capt. N. Schneeloch, R. H.
 Van W. Stephens, Mr. & Mrs. J.
 Kent, R. A., Lt.-Col. F. M. J. D.
 E. Talati, Mr. and Mrs. M. P.
 Kent, Mrs. F. E. Truman, R. N.
 Lucas, H. F. Vaughan, H. S.
 Monson, Mrs. E. L.

PEAK.

Ayres, H. McDermott, A. P. B.
 Beattie, J. M. Montmore, Miss E.
 Beattie, M. J. Morris, Dr. and Mrs.
 Benson, Major & Mrs. Moxon, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert
 Benson, Mr. & Mrs. Ollis, Mr. and Mrs.
 Bunny, Major and Mrs. Pollock, H. E.
 Bunny, Miss Post, N.
 Brown, Col. L. F. Pratt, Major and Mrs.
 Chapman, Mr. & Mrs. Quirrease, Capt. N.
 Chichester, Major and Mrs. V. W.
 Mrs. A. C. Rauchbold, Mr.
 Doran, J. C. Reid, T. H.
 Dymock, P. A. A. Sawyer, Mrs. W. E.
 Ferrier, Col. & Mrs. Sinclair, A.
 Foote, R. N., Capt. and Mrs. Smith, A. Findlay
 Mrs. French, Major G. A. Smith, C. W.
 Grant, R. N., Eng. Lieut. Spackhaver, W. O. C.
 A. R. Steles, Mr. and Mrs.
 Hamilton, Major Stevenson, D.
 Hardy, R. N., Commn-der and Mrs.
 der and Mrs. Sutherland, Mr. and
 Hewitt, F. T. B. Uffel, W. von
 Holborow, Mr. and Mrs. Watkins, R. E., Capt.
 Hubbe, F. Watson, Mr. and Mrs.
 Jeffries, H. W. Whiteborn, S. T.
 Lee, Mr. & Mrs. J. B. White, Dr. and Mrs.
 Lowe, D. R. M. J.
 Lucas, Dr. H. F. Yates, Mr. & Mrs. C. C.
 Lutgens, R.
 Martin, R.

CRAIGIEBURN.

Austen, R. N. Staff Helms, W.
 Surgeon and Mrs. Smith, Mr. and Mrs.
 Crafter, R. H. Grant
 Dann, G. H. Smith, Mr. E. Grant
 Duff, J. S. Woodward, Mr. & Mrs.
 Gaskell, Mr. and Mrs. and children
 Menocal, D. A.

THOMAS.

Aldrich, E. R. Linn, K.
 Adams, F. Marchand, Mrs. L.
 Berrain, C. F. Orihash, R.
 Clum, E. D. Perfect, G. G.
 Coyle, J. Richardson, G. D.
 Crego, Mr. Richy, L. H.
 Edward, E. Ross, G. de Tofre
 Engelman, F. Ross, Miss V.
 Giroud, Mr. Schurir, Otto
 Harris, J. D. Wal, U.
 Heray, H. Whiley, Mr.
 Hough, Dr. Young, L. C.

KOWLOON.

Brooks, Mr. Mitchell

NOTICE.

THE WEATHER WILL BE EXCEEDINGLY COLD AFTER YOU PASS PORT SAID ON YOUR WAY HOME AND COLDER STILL SHOULD YOU GO VIA U. S. A. OR CANADA. YET YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO LOSE THE SPLENDOUR OF THE MEDITERRANEAN OR PACIFIC SEA BY NIGHT. THEREFORE A TRAVELLING RUG BECOMES A NECESSITY AND WM. POWELL, LTD., ARE PREPARED TO SUPPLY FINE SCOTCH RUGS FROM \$8.50 TO \$25.00. THESE WILL BE FOUND IN THEIR GENTLEMEN'S DEPARTMENT AT 23, QUEEN'S ROAD, WHERE THEY ALSO STOCK ALL OTHER TRAVELLING REQUISITES.

BY THE WAY, HAVE YOU HEARD THEY HAVE JUST RECEIVED 19 CASES OF NEW SPRING GOODS WHICH ARE NOW OPENED OUT, AND OTHER LARGER SHIPMENTS FOLLOW TO STOCK THEIR NEW PREMISES IN DES VCEUX ROAD WHICH WILL BE OPENED SHORTLY? ONE OF THE CHIEF FEATURES OF THE BUSINESS WILL BE THE GRAND WINDOW DISPLAY WHICH CANNOT FAIL TO ATTRACT THE ATTENTION OF EVERYONE IN THE COLONY.

N.B.—THE LADIES' DEPARTMENT IS AT PRESENT AT 34, QUEEN'S ROAD (UPSTAIRS).